



hadron and charm production in the atmosphere

introductory remarks from ISVHECRI 2014

Paolo Desiati

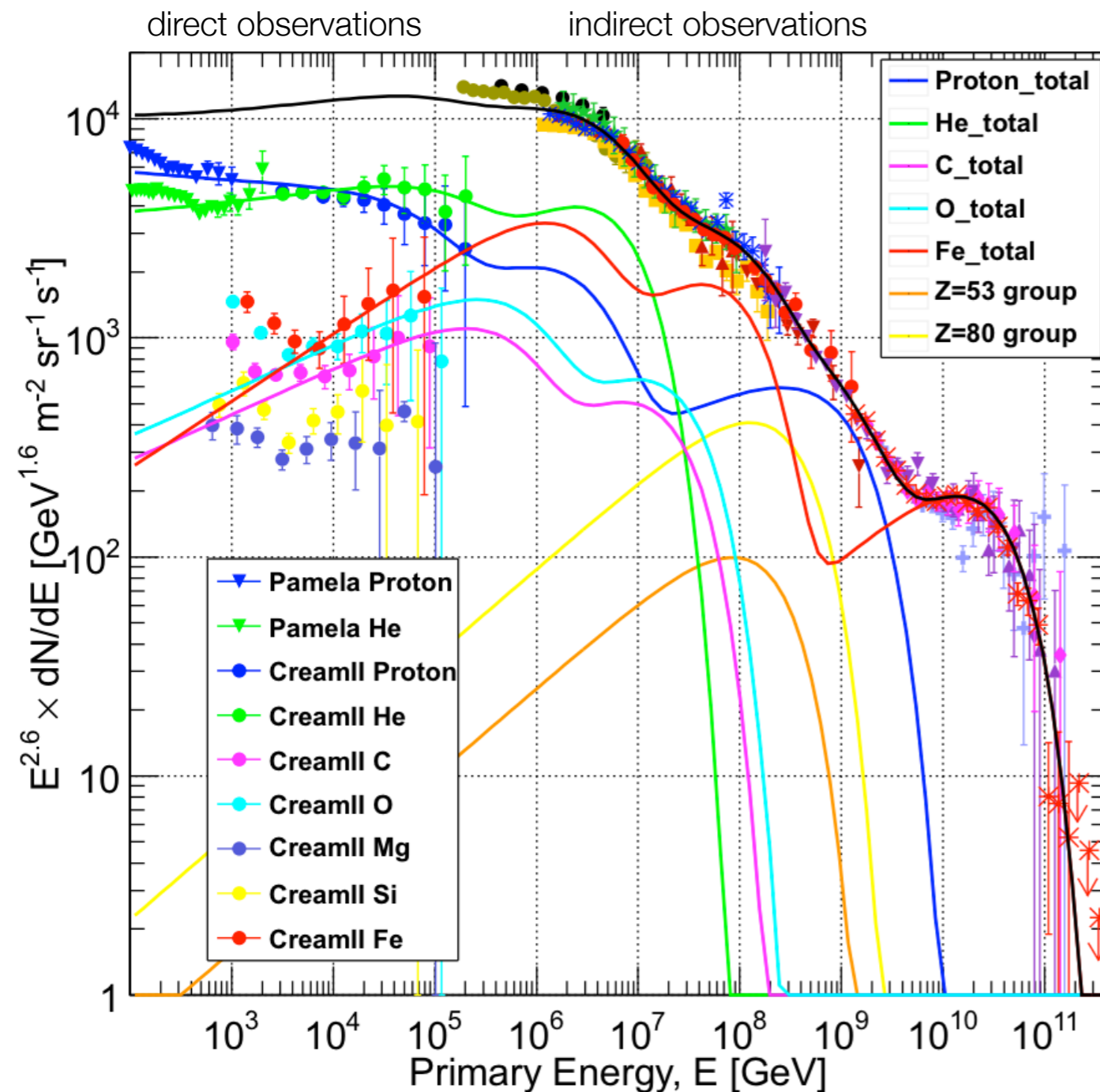
Wisconsin IceCube Particle Astrophysics Center
& Department of Astronomy

University of Wisconsin - Madison

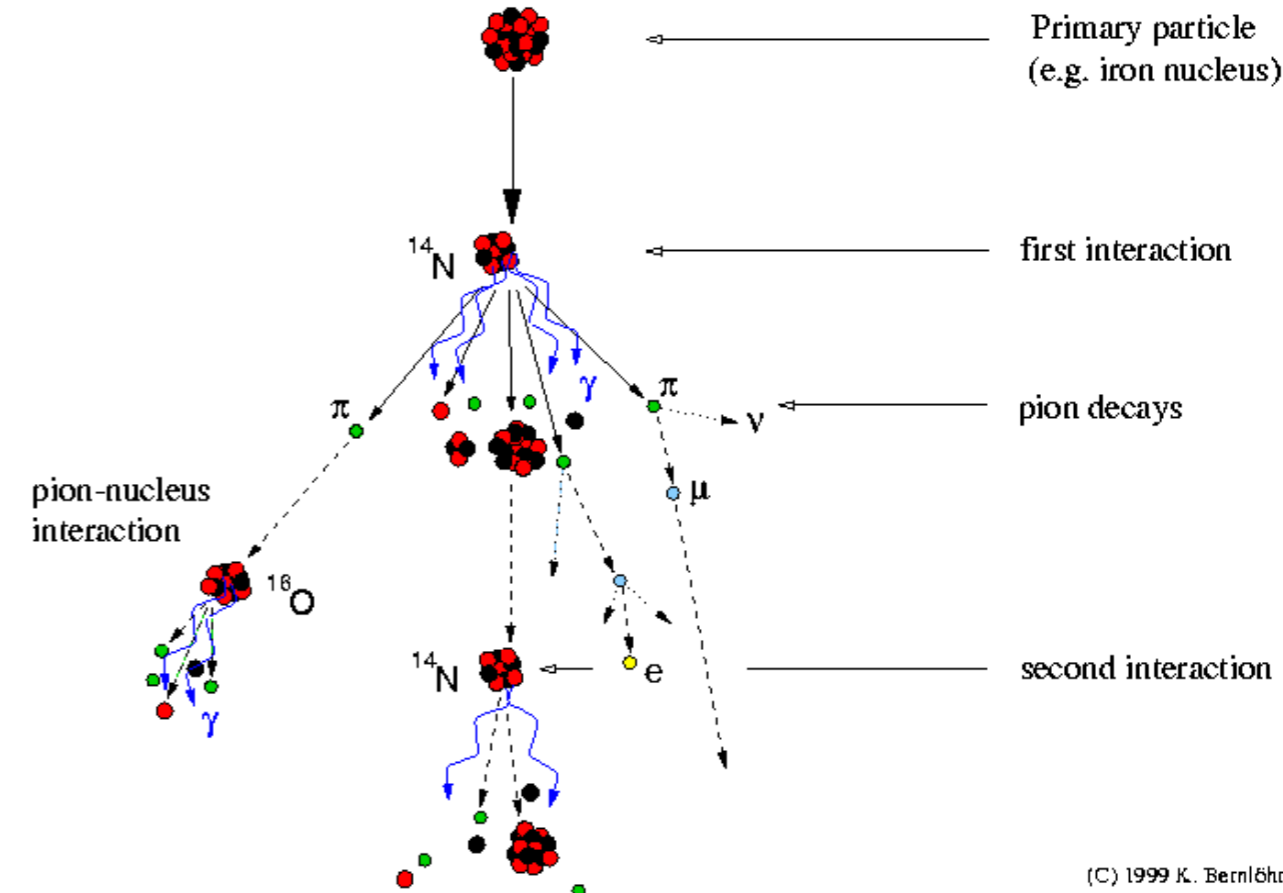
MANTS Meeting 2014
CERN - September 20, 2014

particle production in the atmosphere

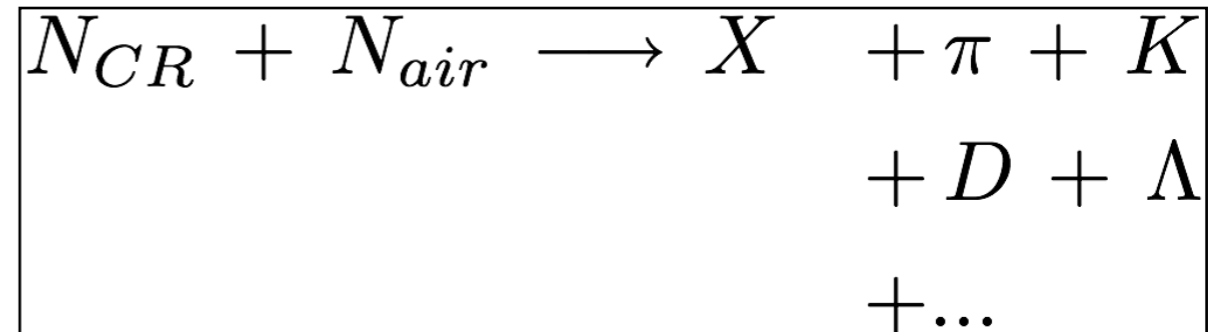
Gaisser, Stanev, Tilav, 2013 - arXiv:1303.3565



Development of cosmic-ray air showers



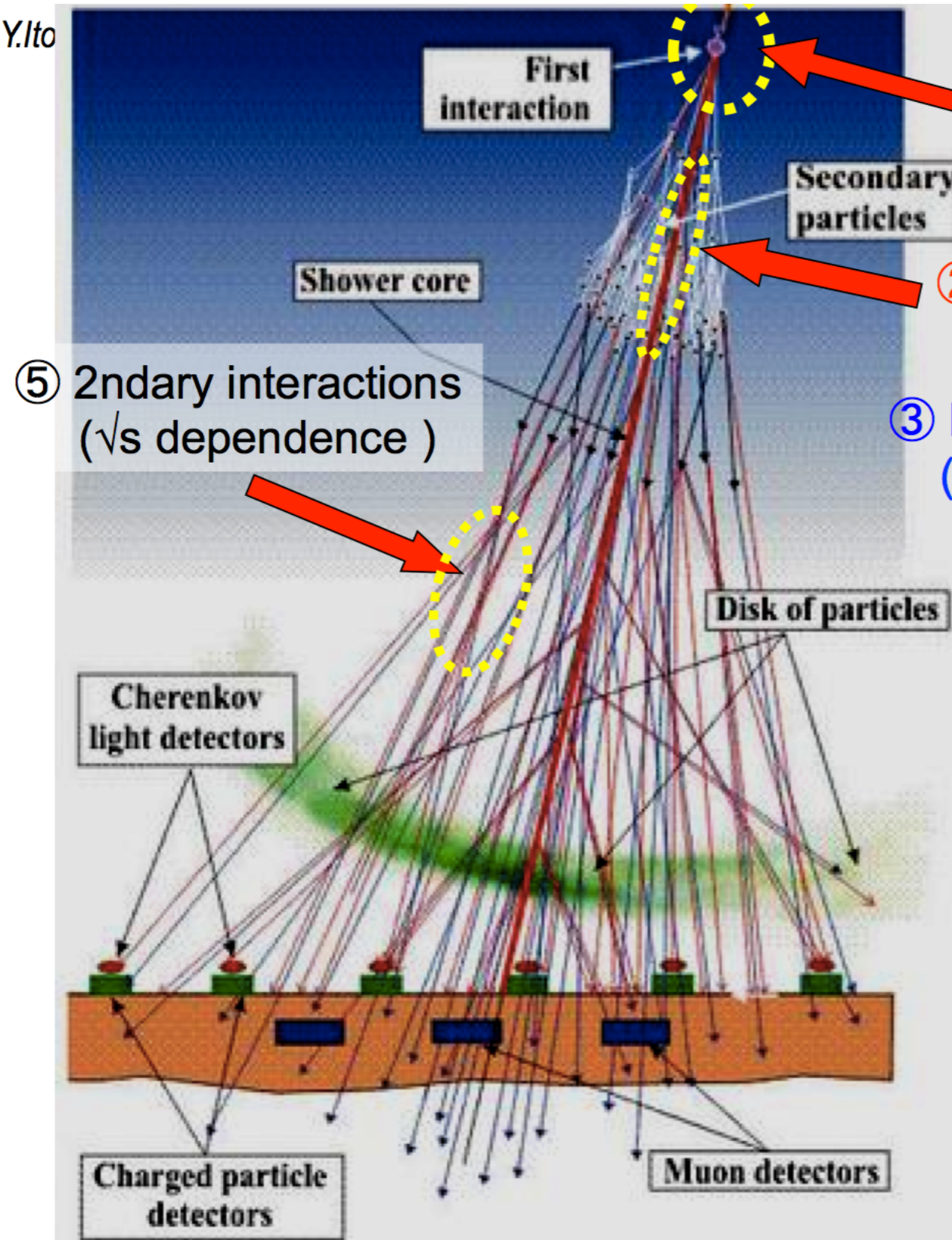
(C) 1999 K. Bernlöhr



particle production in the atmosphere

Y.Ito

ISVHECRI2014@ 18Aug2014



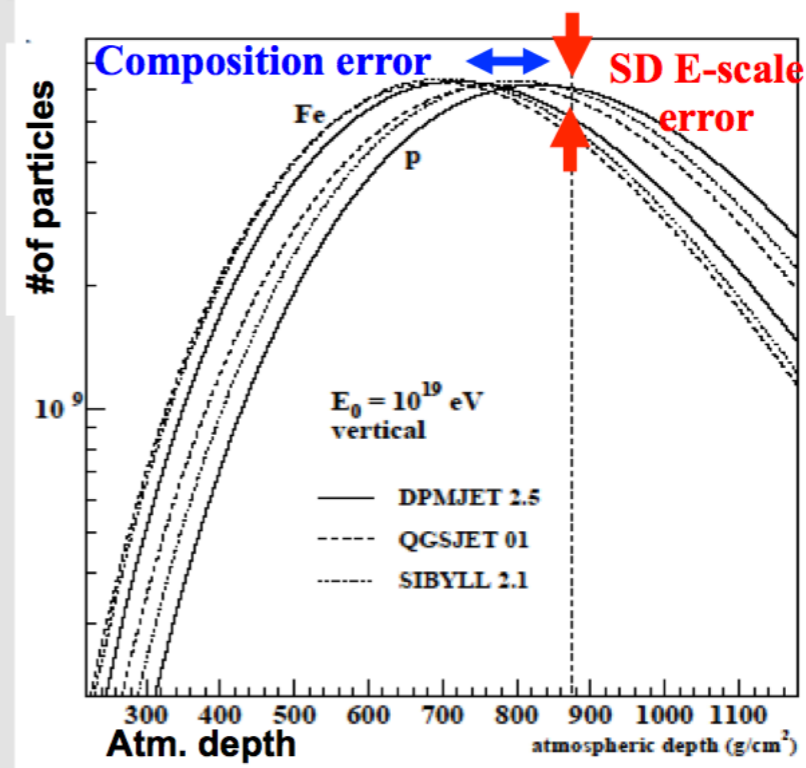
① Inelastic cross section (TOTEM and others)

② Forward energy spectrum (γ / π^0 , hadron spectrum)

③ Inelasticity $k = 1 - p_{lead} / p_{beam}$ (leading baryon / γ ratio)

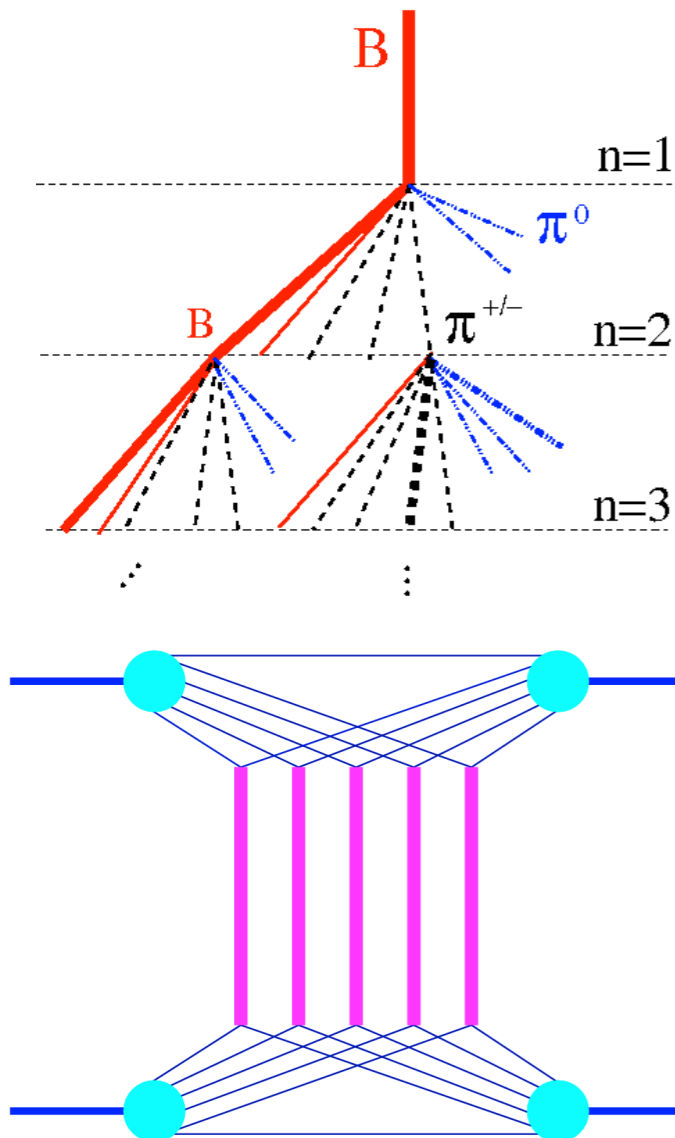
④ Nuclear effect (shadowing, Cronin effect)

⑤ Secondary interactions (\sqrt{s} dependence)



particle production in the atmosphere

hadronic interactions

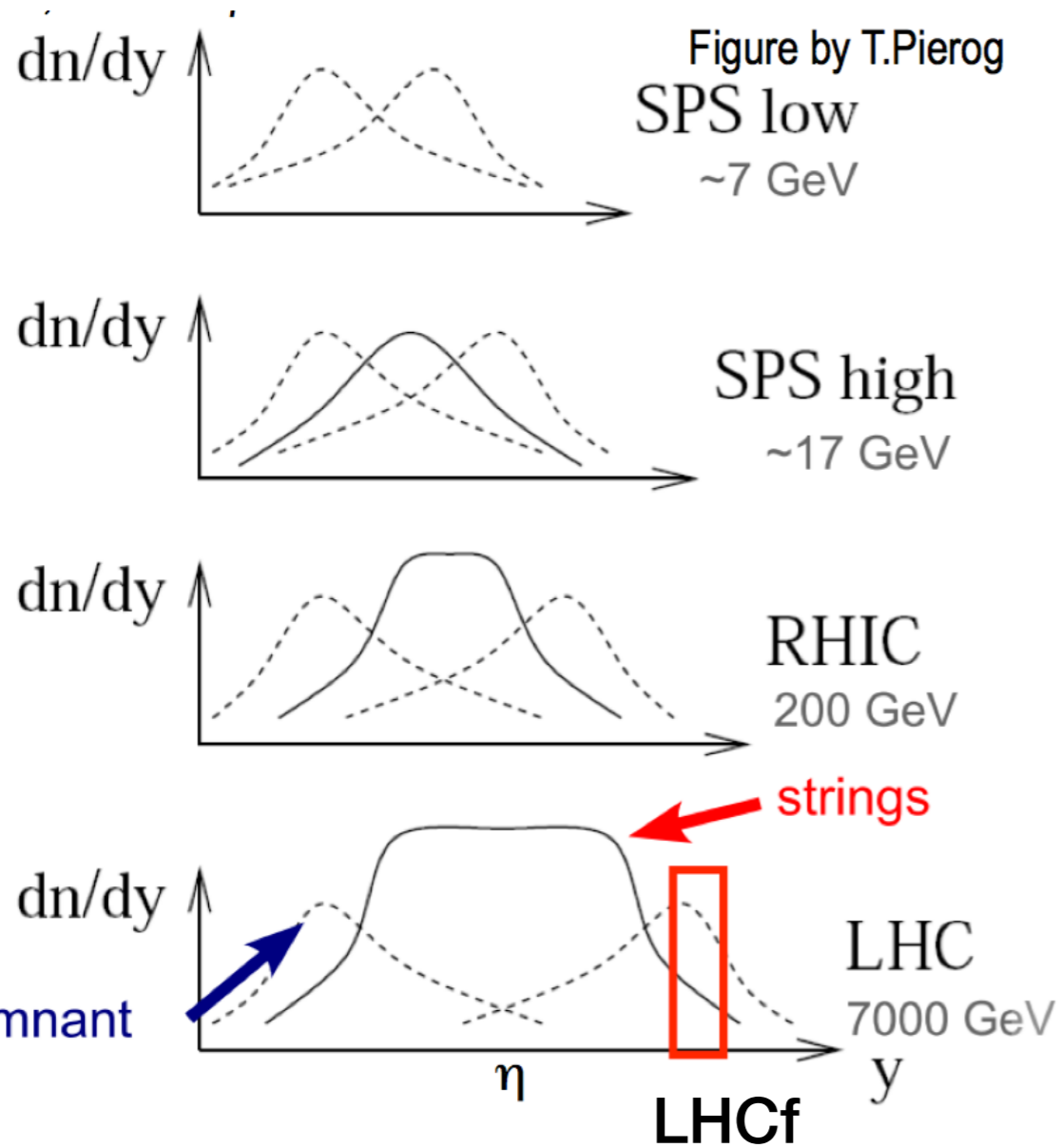


- ▶ CR showers dominated by **soft component with small p_T** (*non-perturbative QCD*)
- ▶ **hard component with high p_T** with heavy quarks (*pQCD*)
- ▶ **phenomenological** descriptions of hadronic interactions with minijet production for hard component
- ▶ **models** to describe soft/hard **interactions** in **forward region** & **extrapolated to high energy**

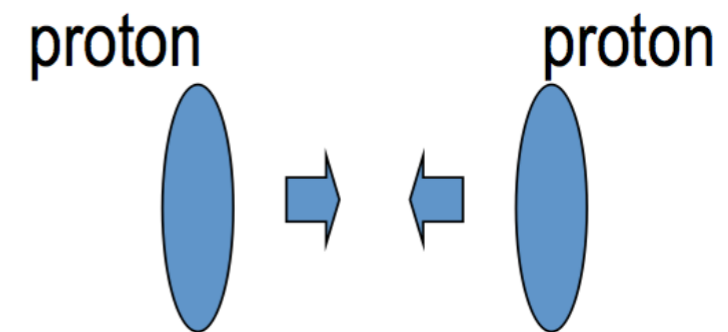
▶ **interaction models** from accelerators, **extrapolated** to forward region at high energy

particle production in the atmosphere

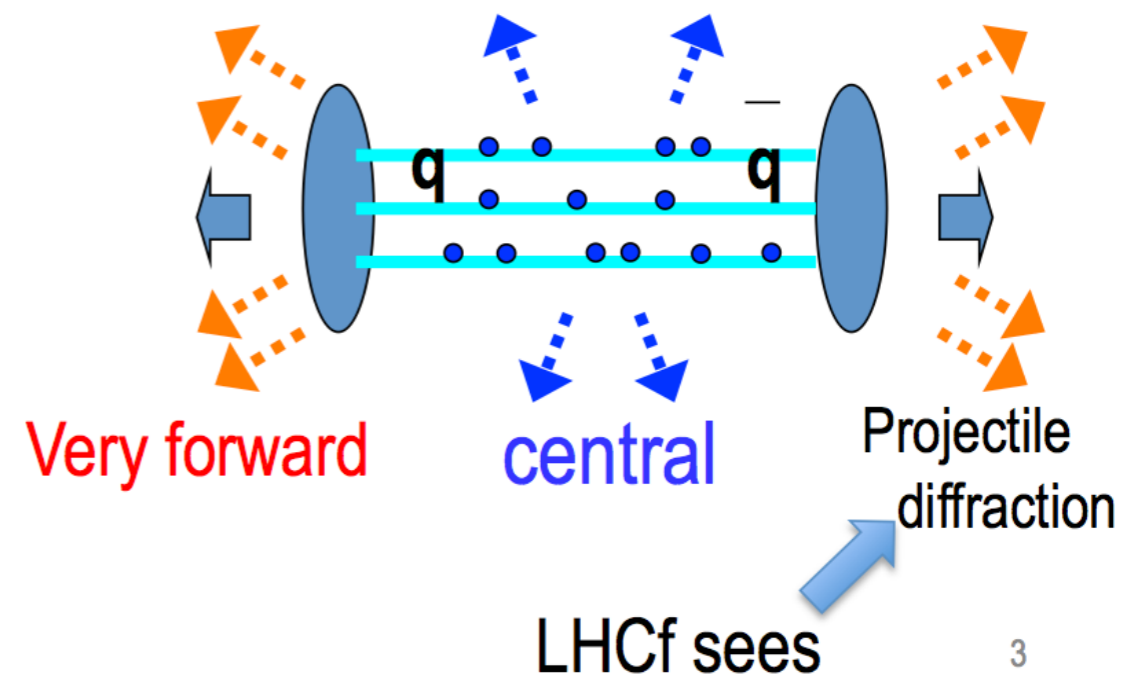
forward physics



2ndary particle productions

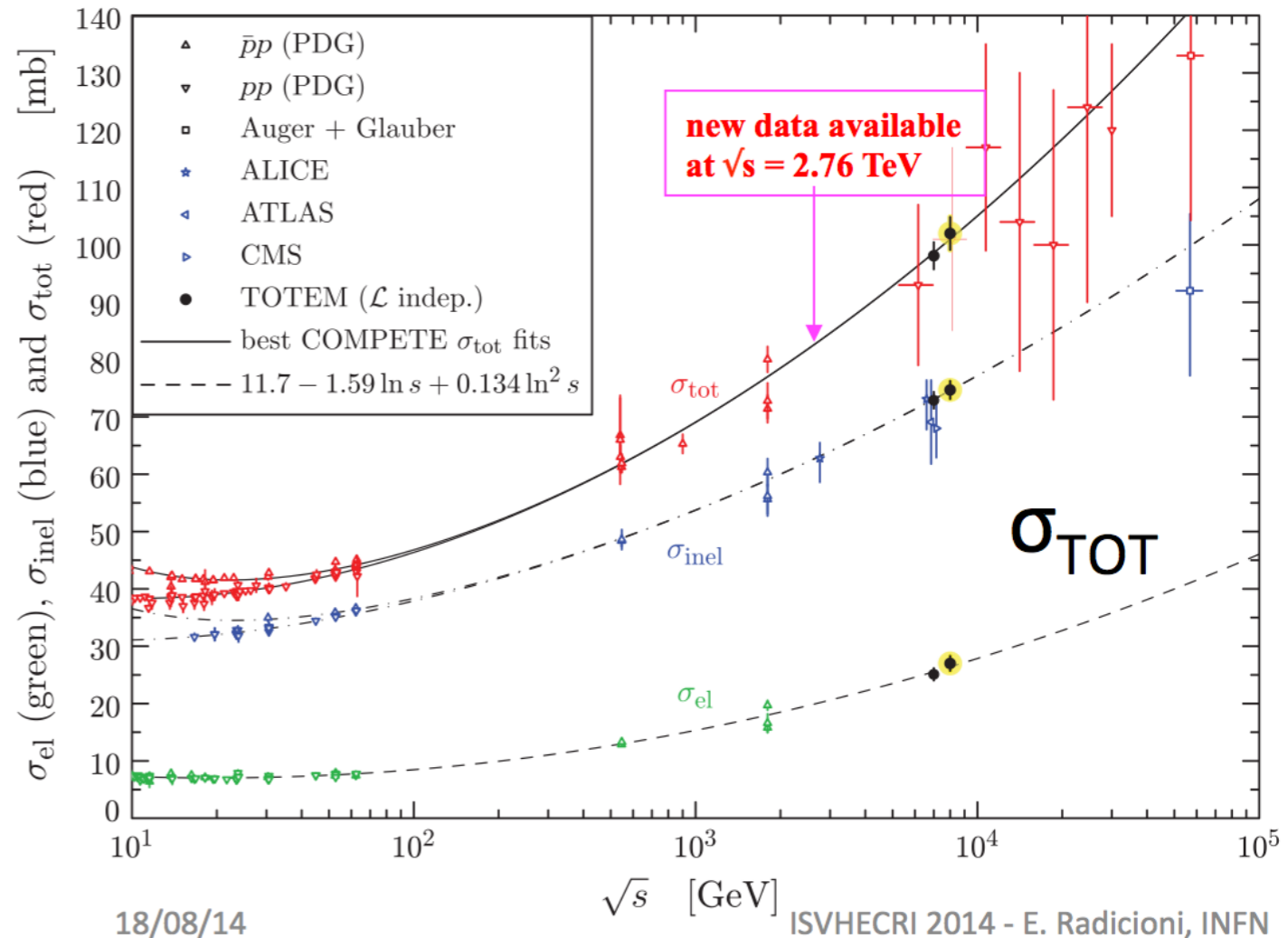
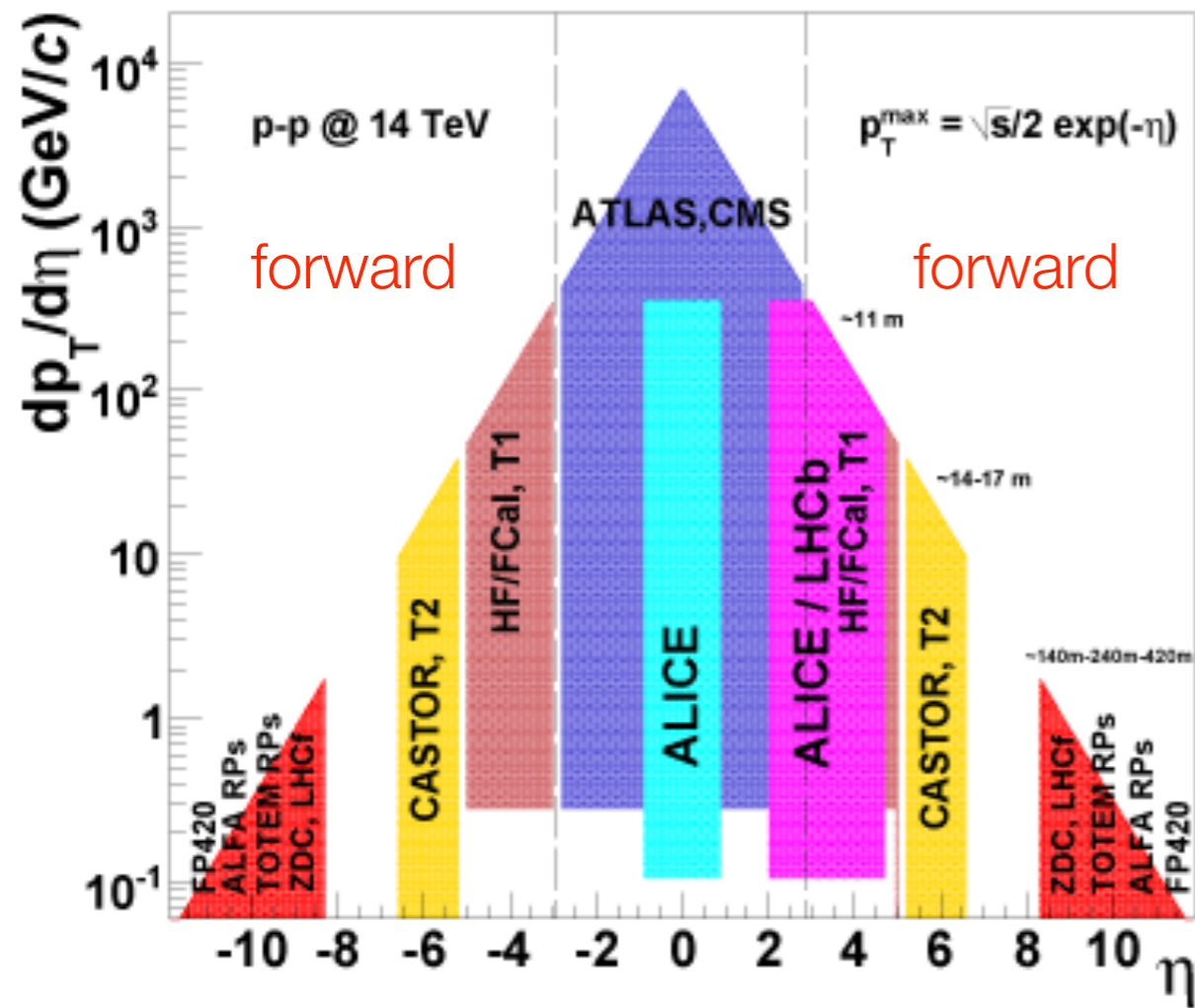


String fragmentation



particle production in the atmosphere

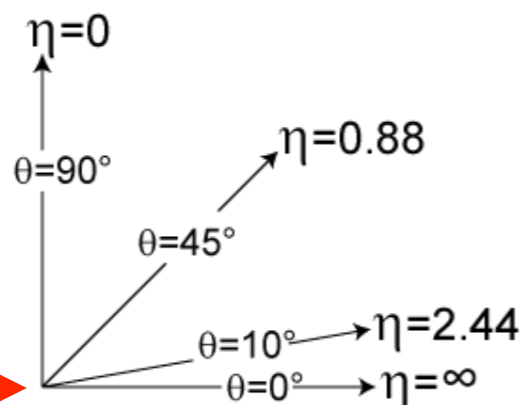
forward physics



18/08/14

ISVHECRI 2014 - E. Radicioni, INFN

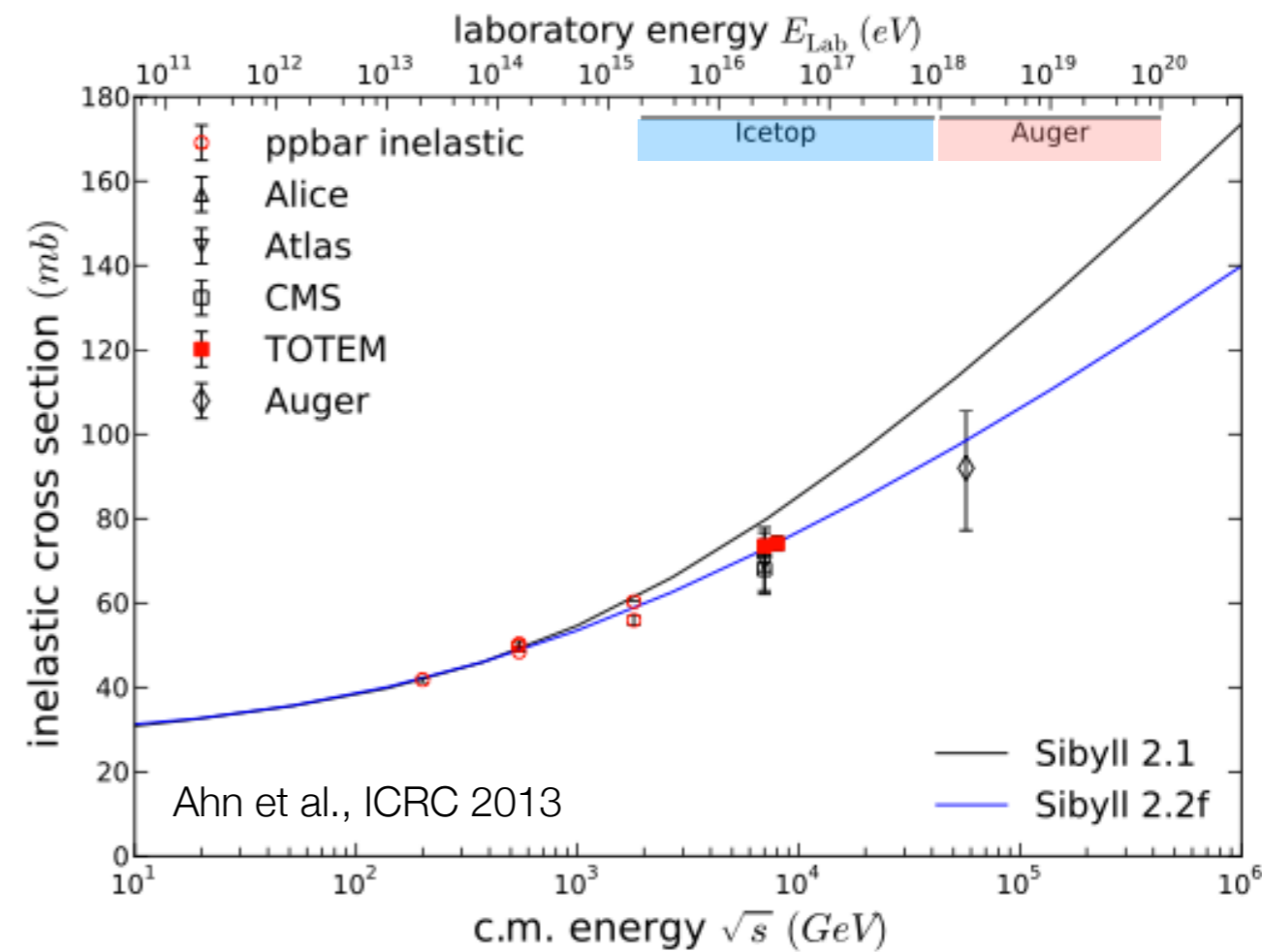
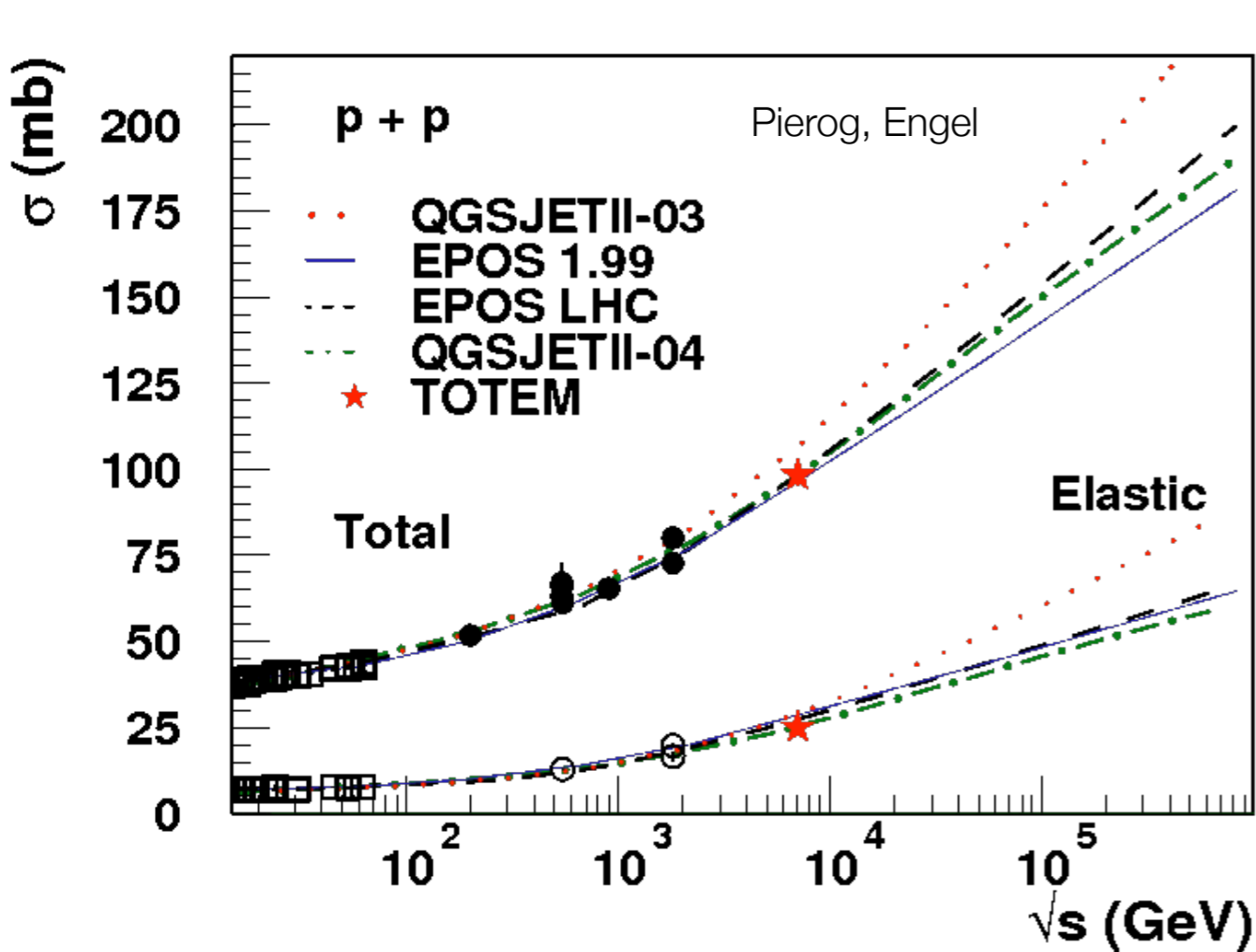
Higher diffraction: slower EAS development
(deeper shower maximum)



particle production in the atmosphere

forward physics

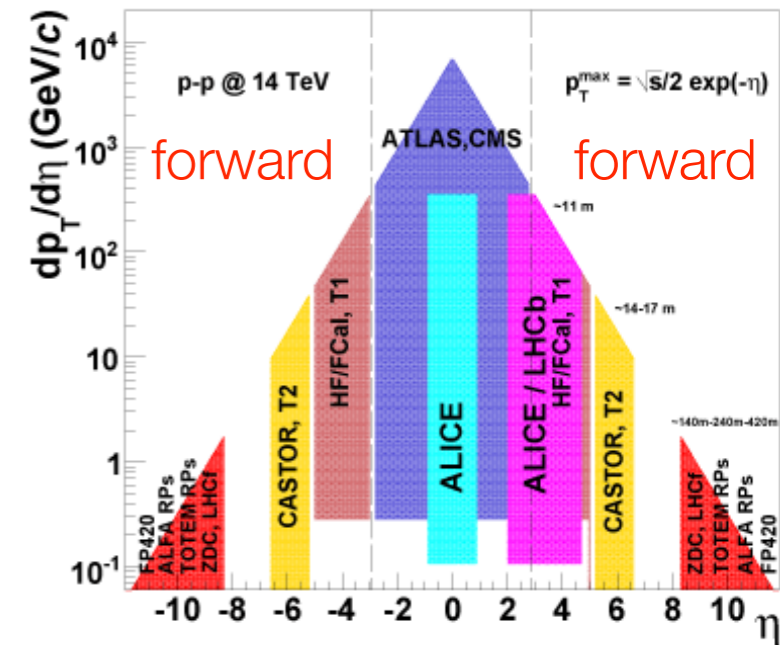
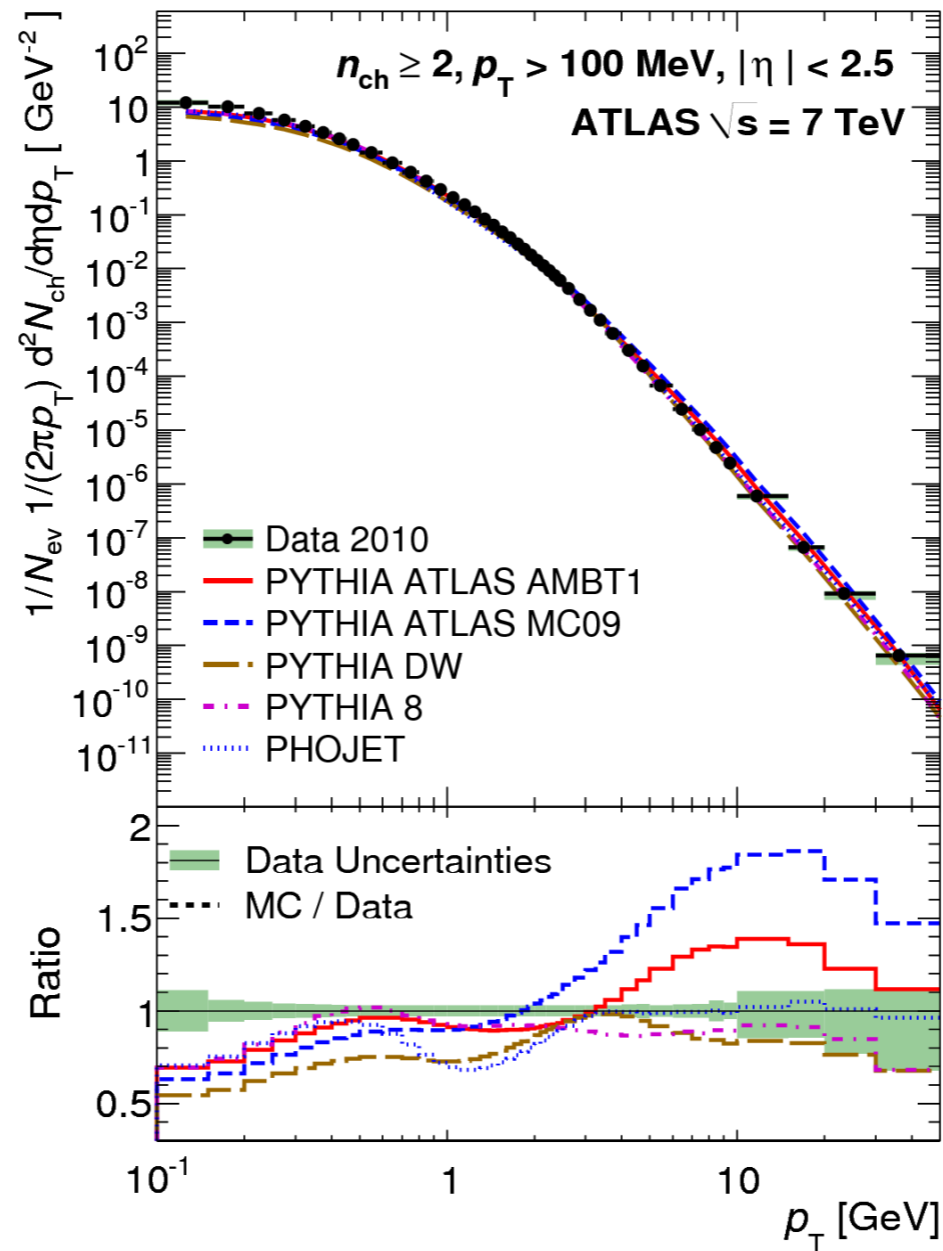
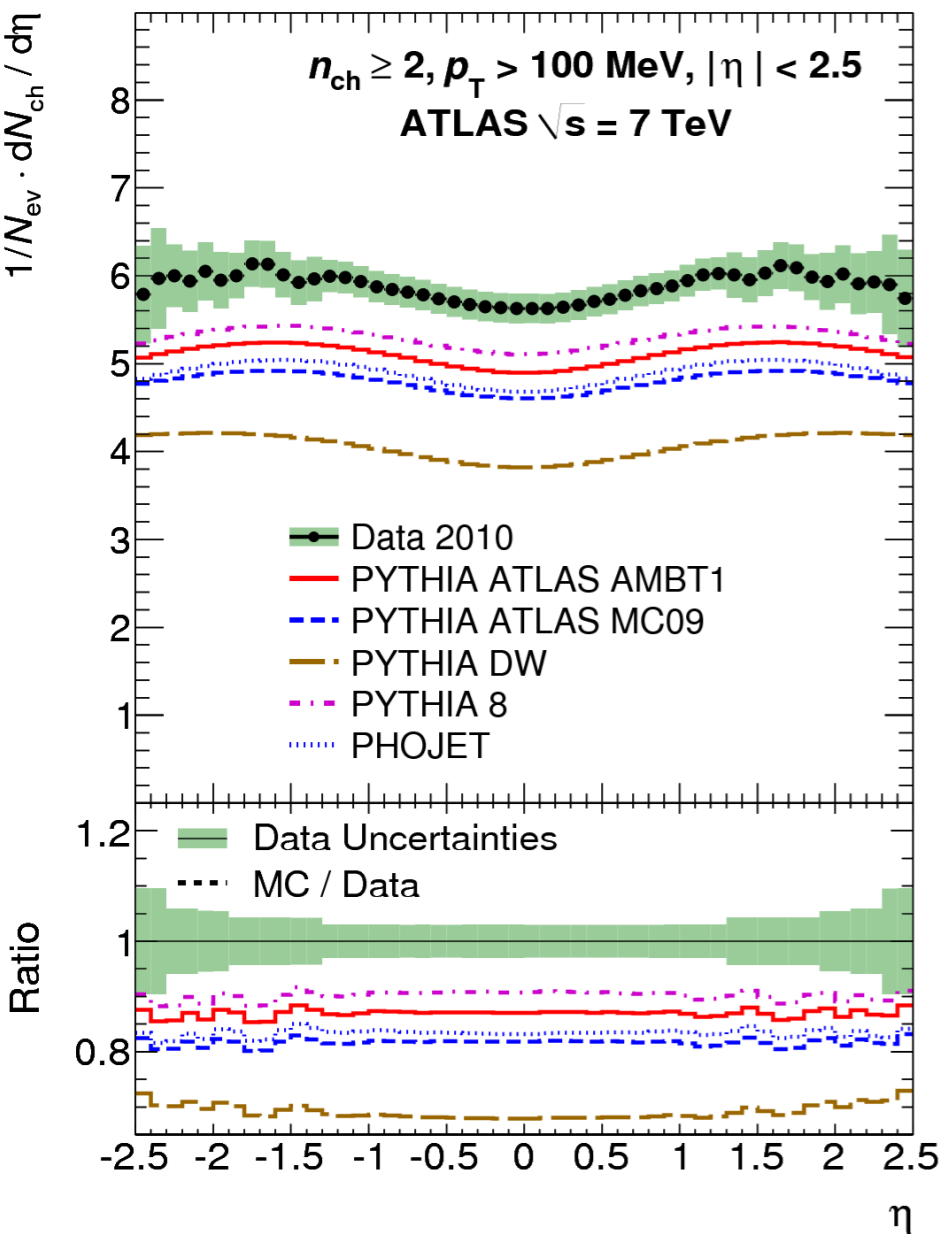
tuning hadronic interaction models



use energy spectra and multiplicities in forward region?

particle production in the atmosphere

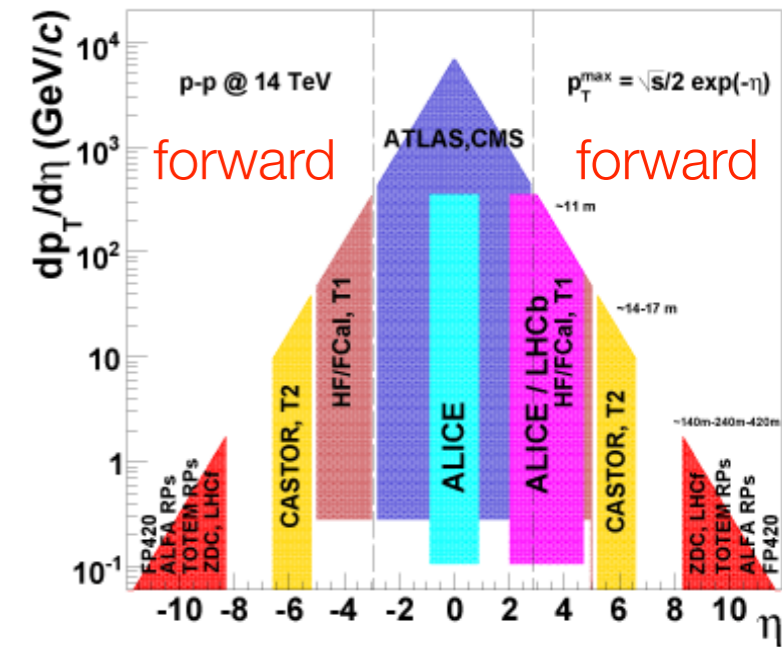
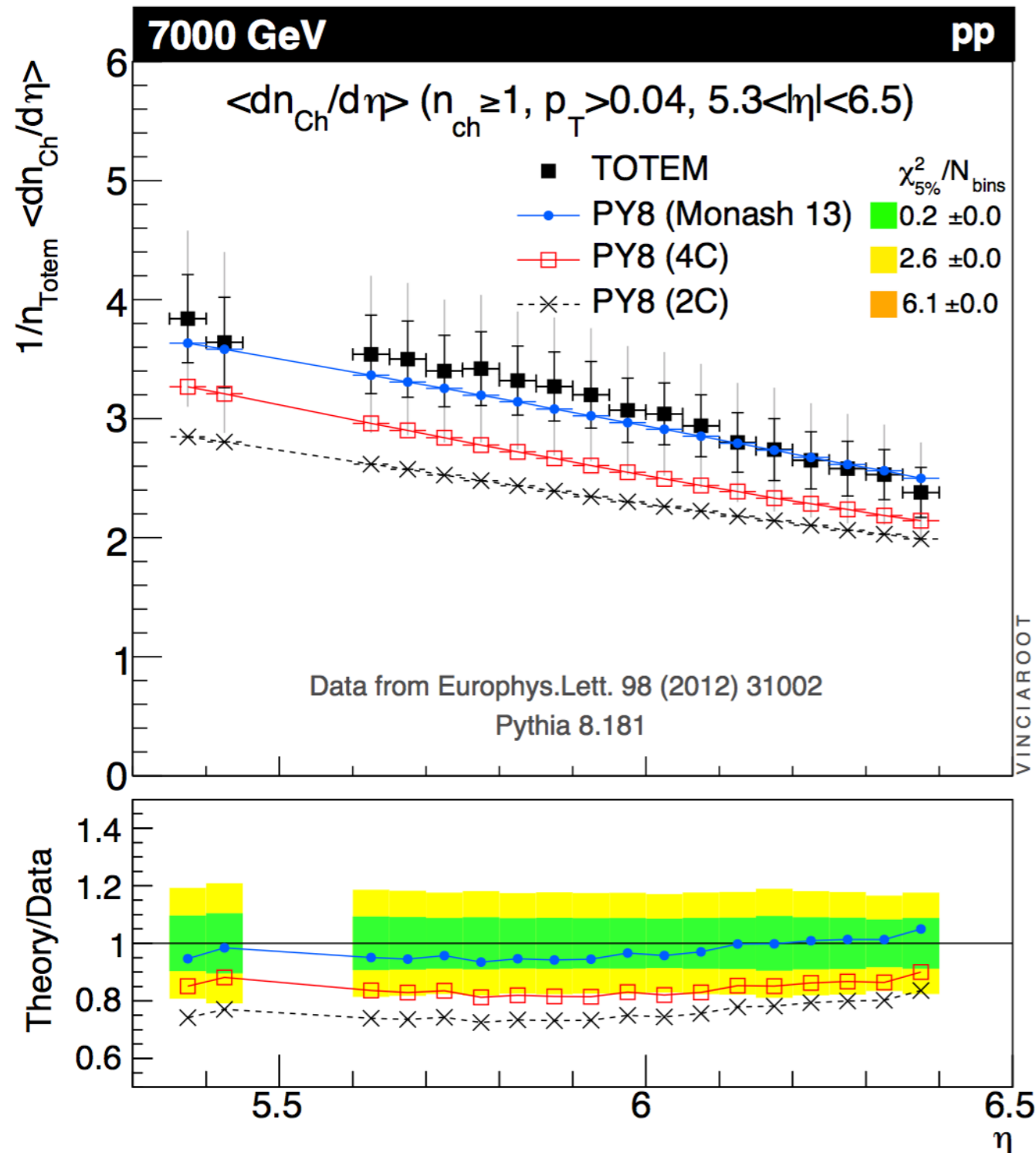
central region



no tuned Pythia model consistently describes experimental data consistently

particle production in the atmosphere

central region



new tuned Pythia model to better describe multiplicity observations

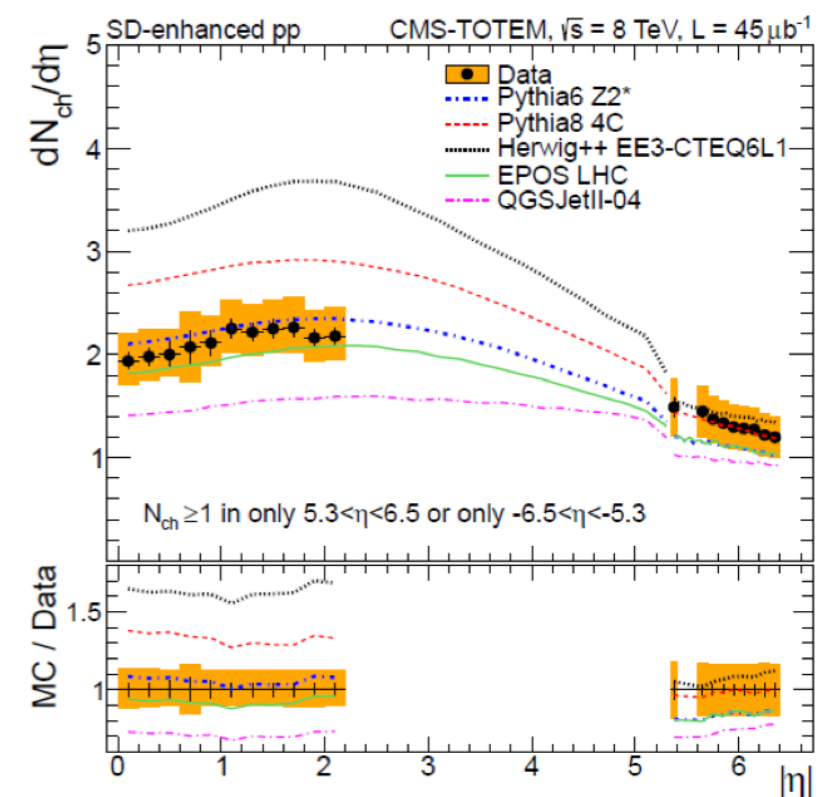
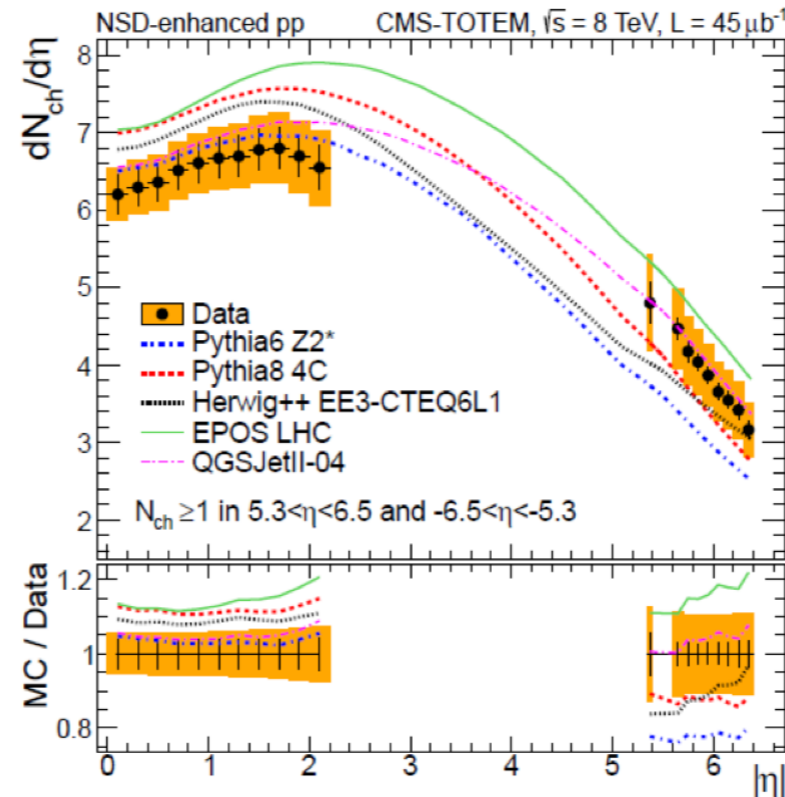
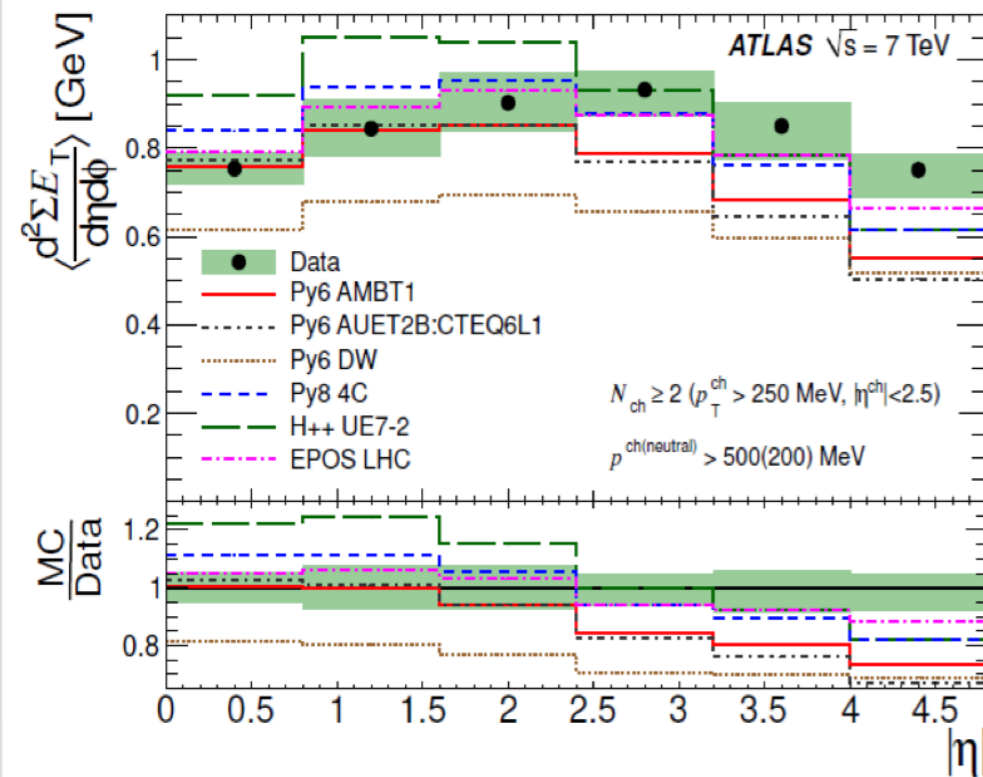
(diffraction & saturation still needs work)

particle production in the atmosphere

central-forward region correlation

[arXiv:1405.0722]

[JHEP 11 (2012) 033]

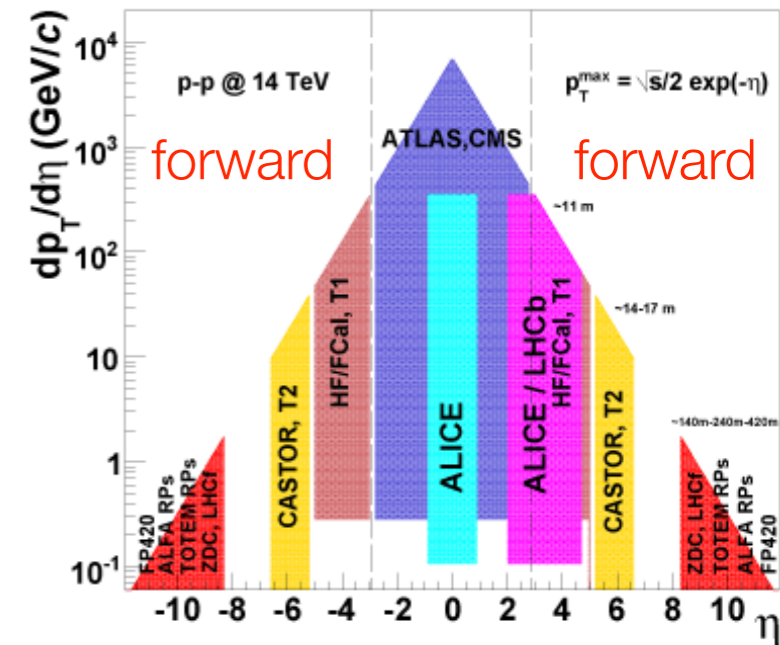


diffractive dissociation (forward)
 central-forward correlation is challenging
 large spread in model predictions

particle production in the atmosphere forward region

hadronic interaction models for CRs don't describe **energy flow & multiplicity** in forward region

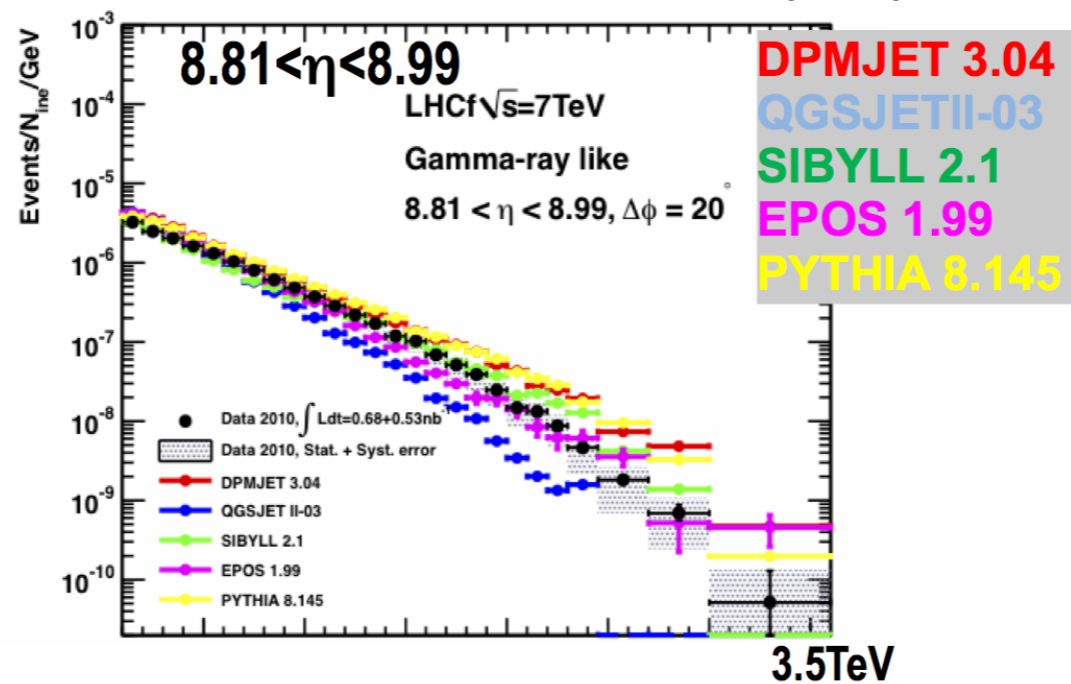
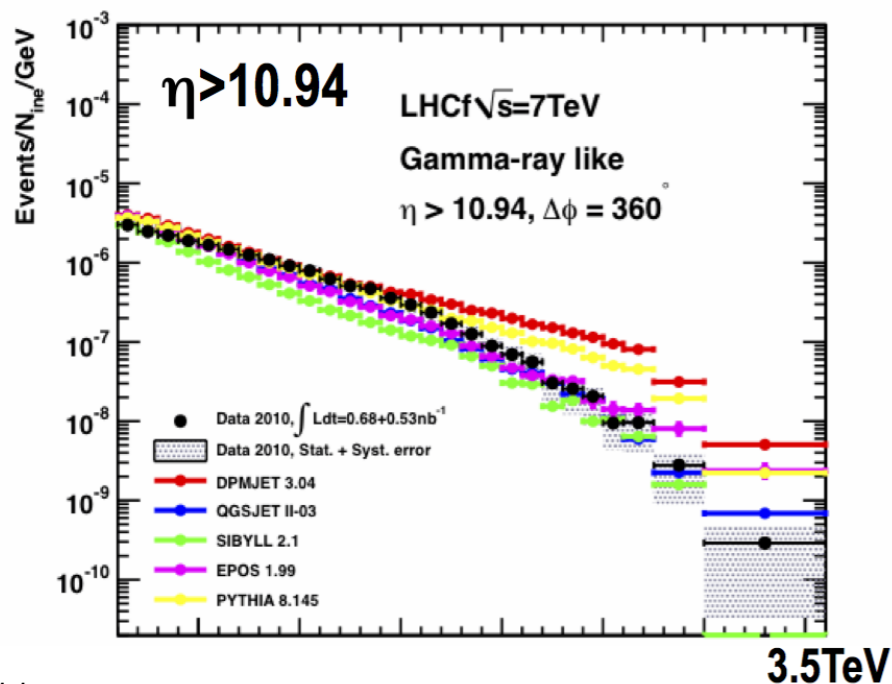
does this matter for cosmic rays & atmospheric neutrinos ?



Y.Ito, Forward production at LHC

LHCf single E_γ at 7TeV and 0.9 TeV pp

ISVHECRI2014@ 18Aug2014
PLB 703 (2011) 128-134
PLB 715 (2012) 298-303



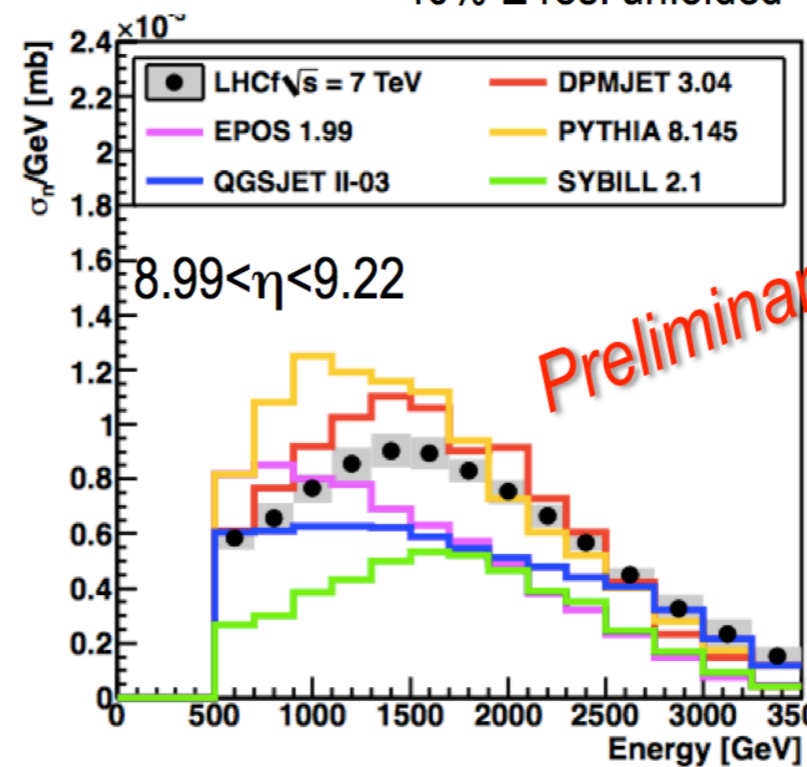
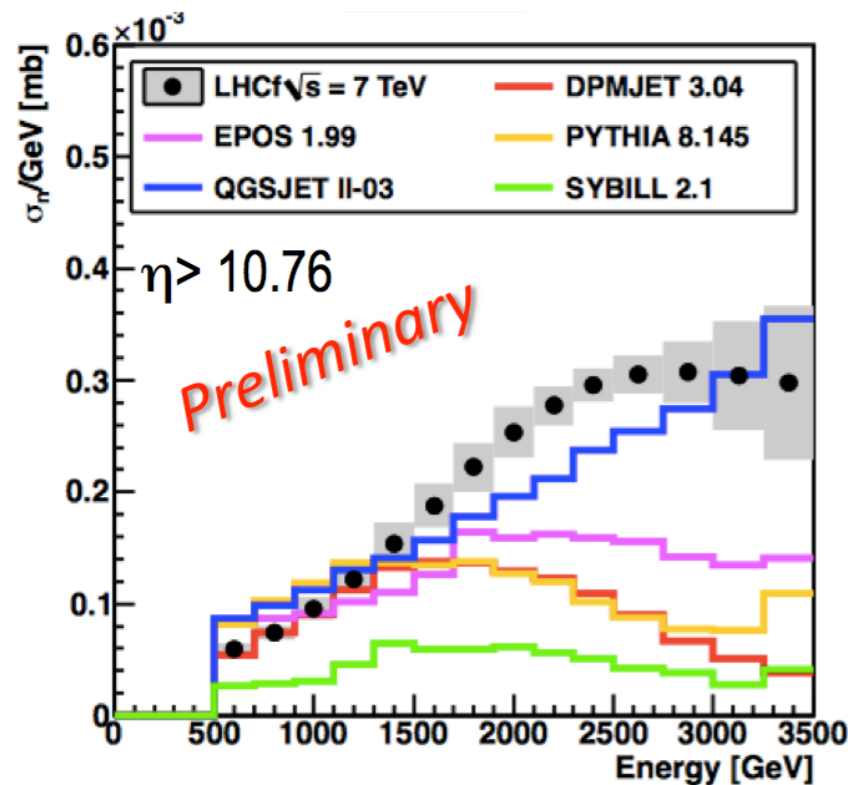
particle production in the atmosphere forward region

Y.Itow, Forward production at LHC

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Very forward neutron at 7TeV p-p

- $\eta > 10.76$: QGSJET03 good, $>h > 9.22$ DPMJET3 good
- Larger neutron / gamma ratio than expected



no hadronic
interaction model
describes
observations

n / γ ratio	Data	3.05 ± 0.19
	DPMJET3.04	1.05
	EPOS 1.99	1.80
	PYTHIA 8.145	1.27
	QGSJET II-03	2.34
	SYBILL 2.1	0.88

n / γ ratio	Data	1.26 ± 0.08
	DPMJET3.04	0.76
	EPOS 1.99	0.69
	PYTHIA 8.145	0.82
	QGSJET II-03	0.65
	SYBILL 2.1	0.57

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particle production in the atmosphere

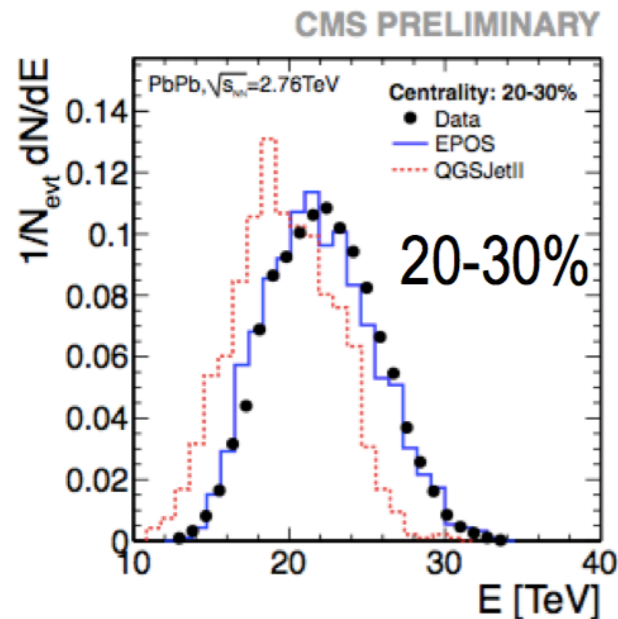
p/ion-ion collisions

Y.Itow, Forward production at LHC

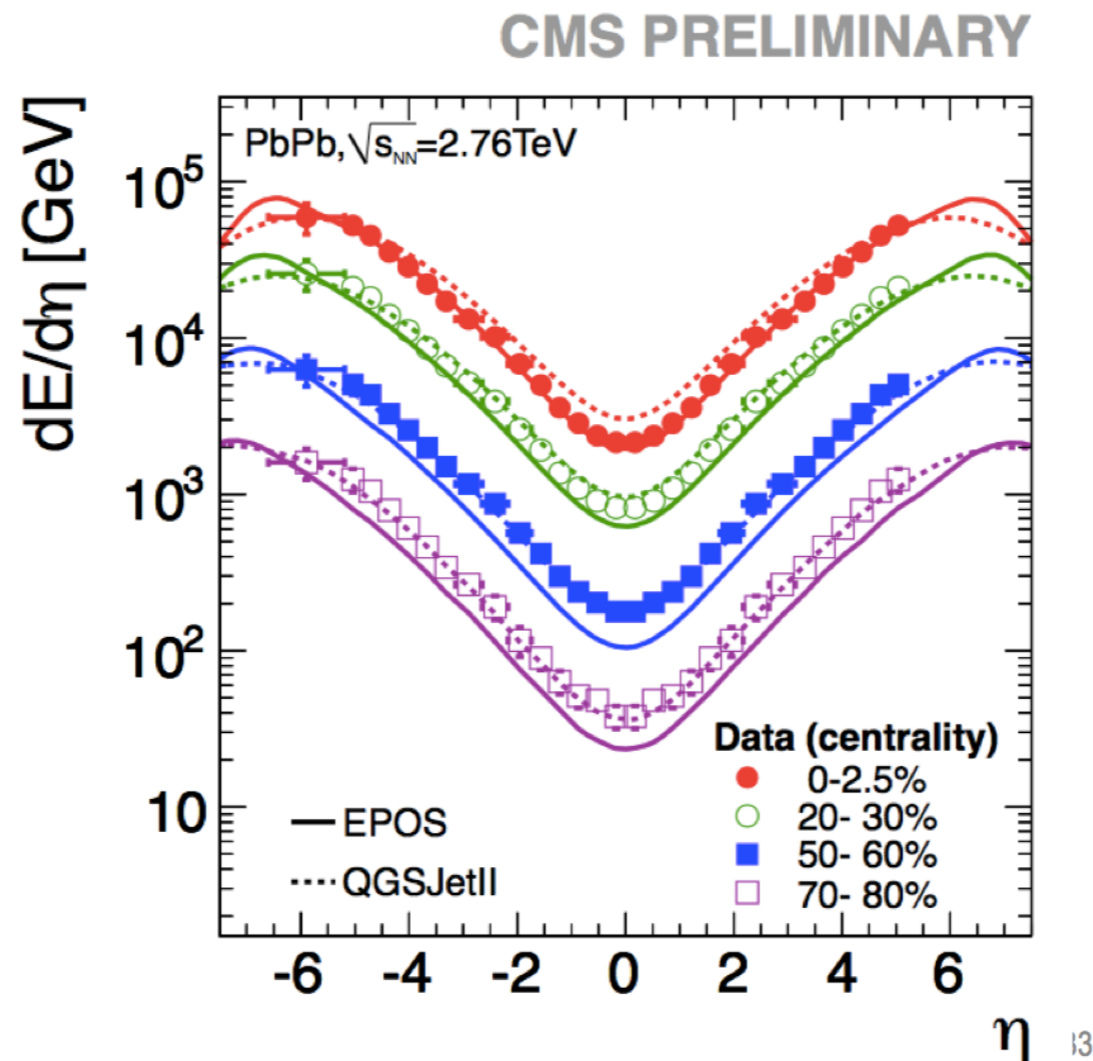
ISVHECRI2014@ 18Aug2014

CMS forward energy flow in Pb-Pb

CMS PAS HIN-12-006



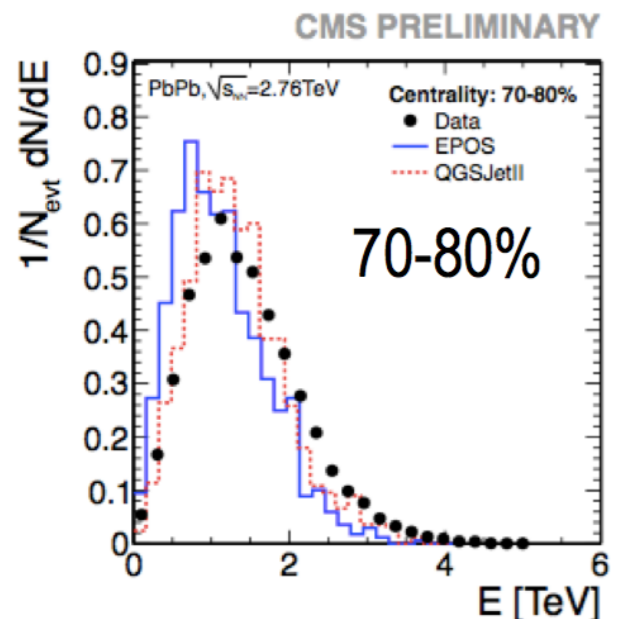
- Central : EPOS better
- Peripheral : QGSJET better



dependency on
collision centrality

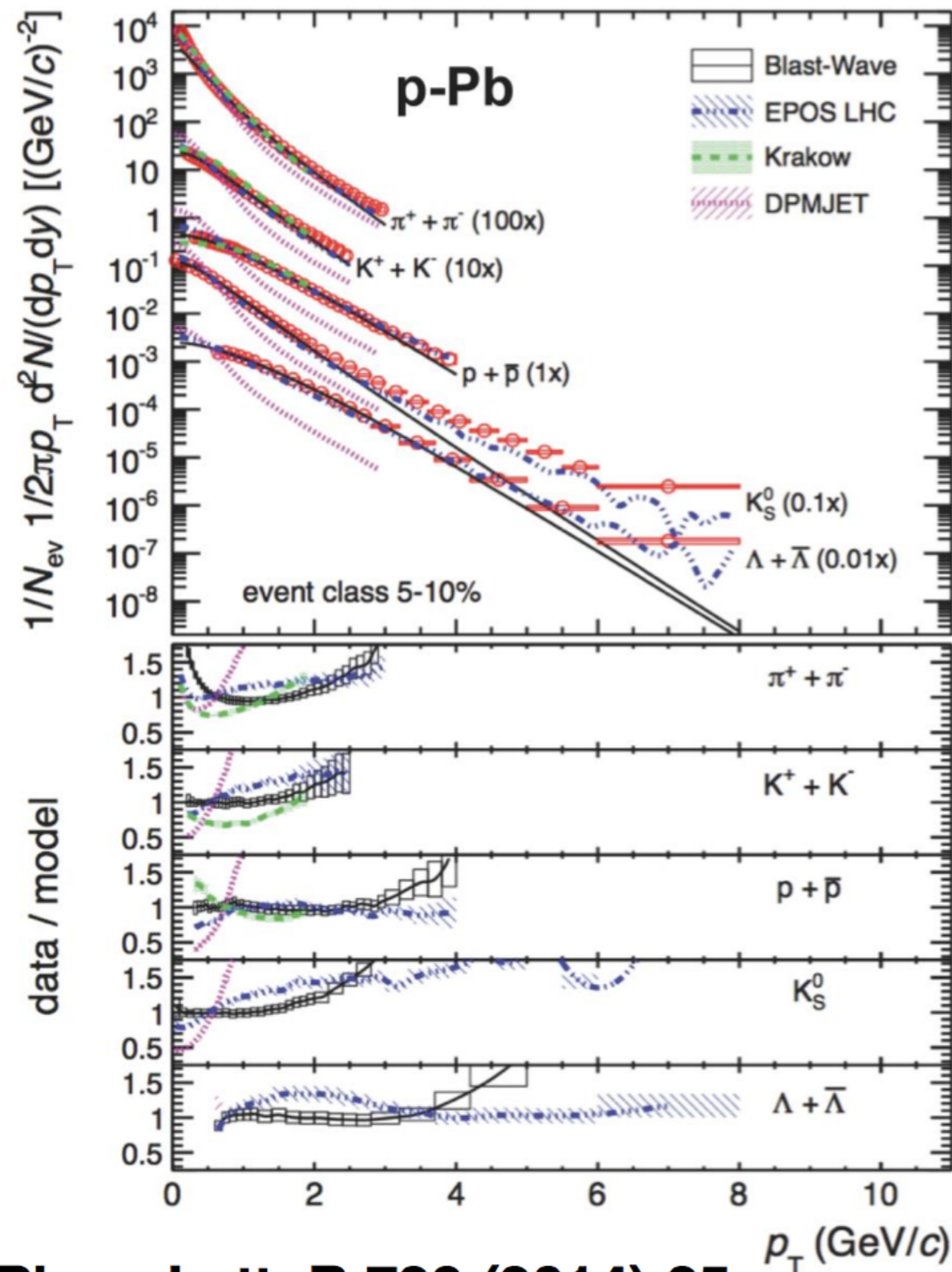
nuclear shadowing
gluon saturation

affecting forward
region and low p_T



particle production in the atmosphere

p/ion-ion collisions



collective flow effects in
ion/ion collisions

currently only in EPOS

Hydrodynamic models
(EPOS, Krakow) show a
better agreement than QCD
inspired models (DPMJET).

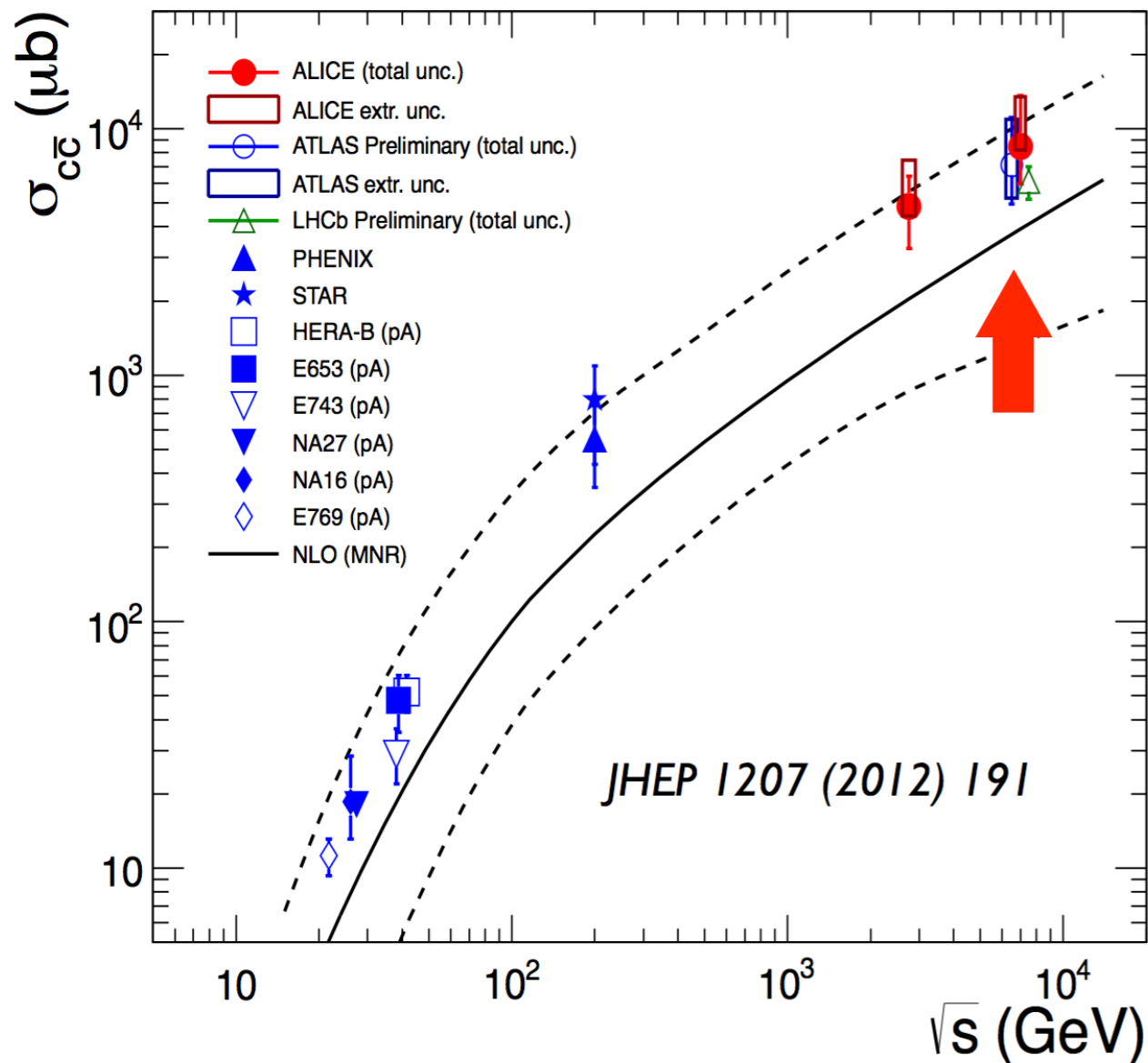
Phys. Lett. B 728 (2014) 25

summary #1

- **soft component** of hadronic processes (non perturbative)
 - tuned collider & CR hadronic models not able to explain all observations
 - extrapolation to forward region is challenging
- **forward region** is important for cosmic rays & atmospheric neutrino predictions
- pp collisions important but p-ion (pPb, pO, pN, pC) necessary for CR
 - nuclear collective effects, saturation and shadowing

heavy quark production

laboratory for perturbative QCD



▶ LHC data show agreement of observations within FONLL (wide range of η) - **pQCD**

▶ **intrinsic charm** production: asymmetry in $c\bar{c}$ baryon production (SELEX 2002)

▶ $p \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ + \bar{D}^0$ of order 1% $(m_s/m_c)^2$ compared to associated production $p \rightarrow \Lambda K^+$

▶ inclusive D-meson spectrum dominated by intrinsic charm at **high pseudo-rapidity & p_T**

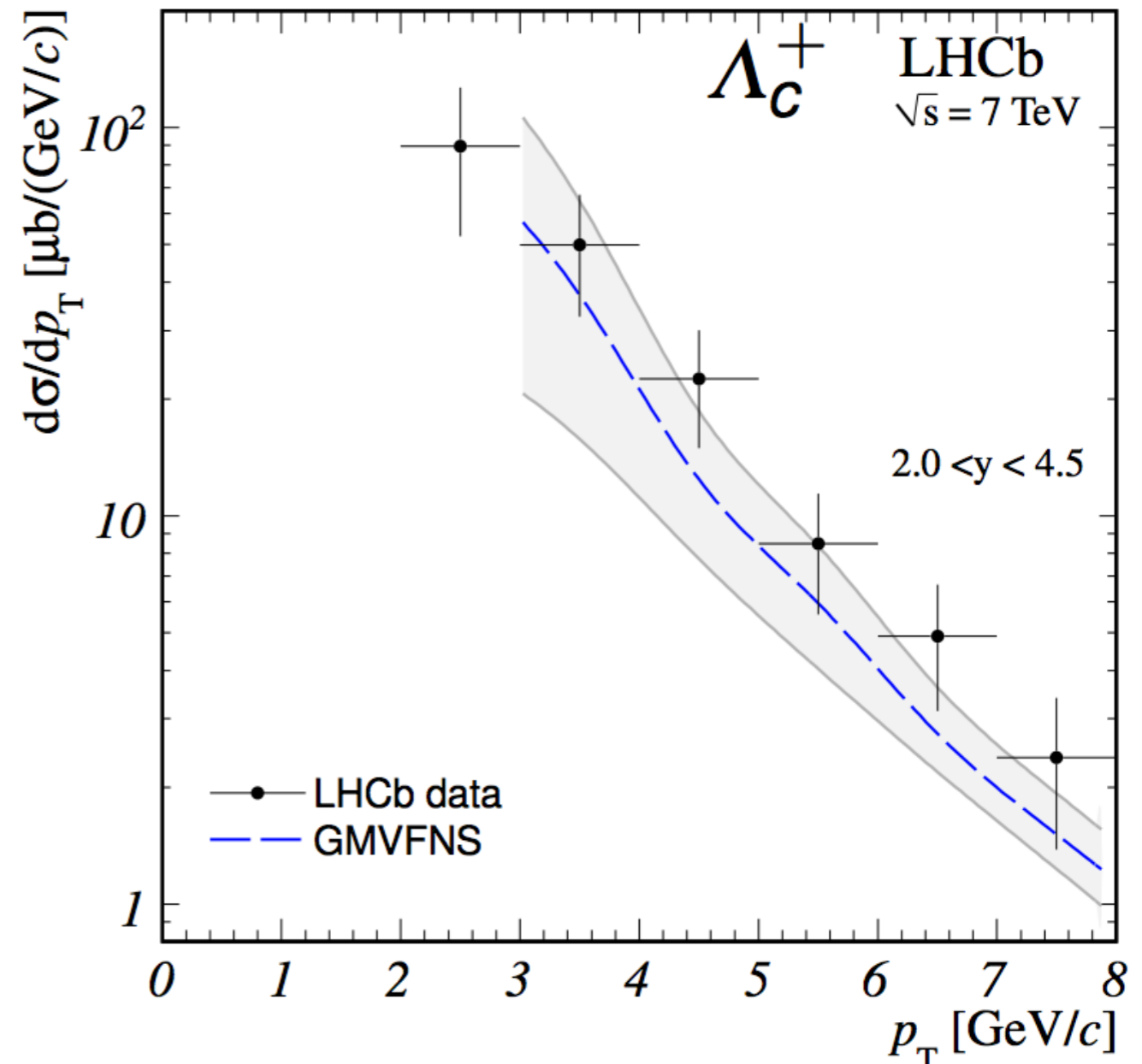
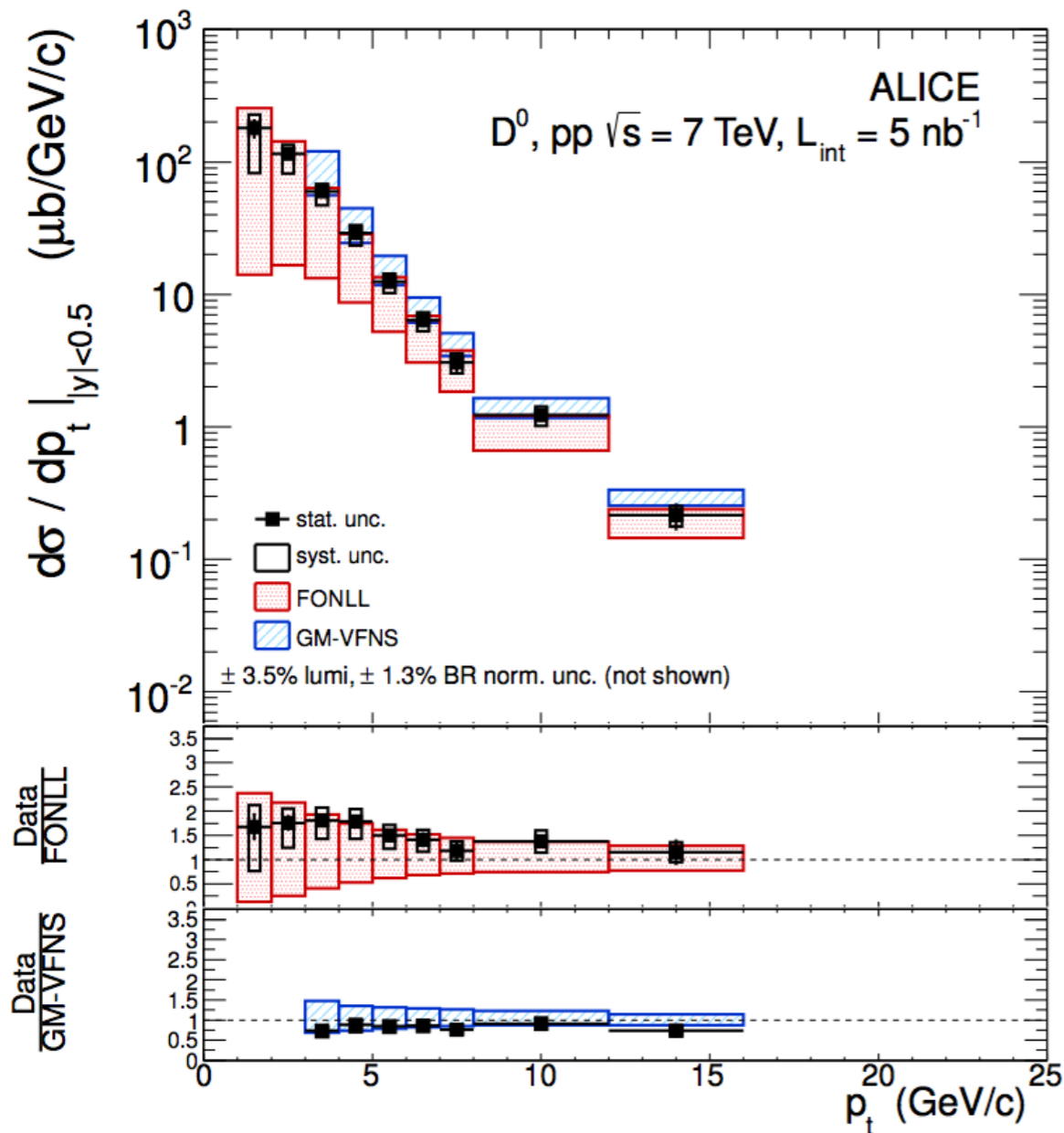
(Lykasov+ 2012; @LHC: Bednyakov+ 2013)

▶ **non-perturbative QCD**

heavy quark production

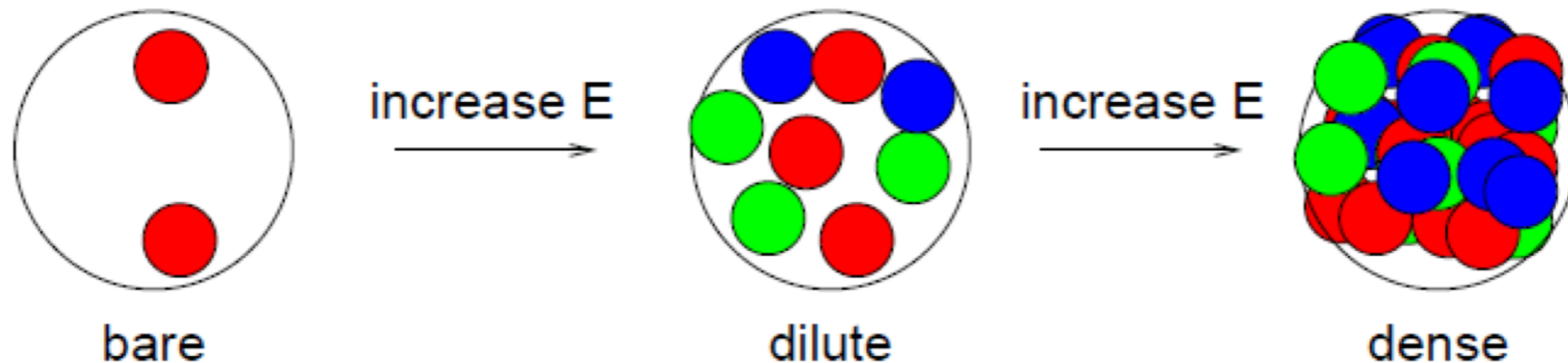
benchmark for perturbative QCD

data slightly marginal but in agreement with pQCD



heavy quark production
benchmark for perturbative QCD

at high energy increase of gluon distribution for $x \sim 0$
non-linear QCD effects
slows down cross section growth

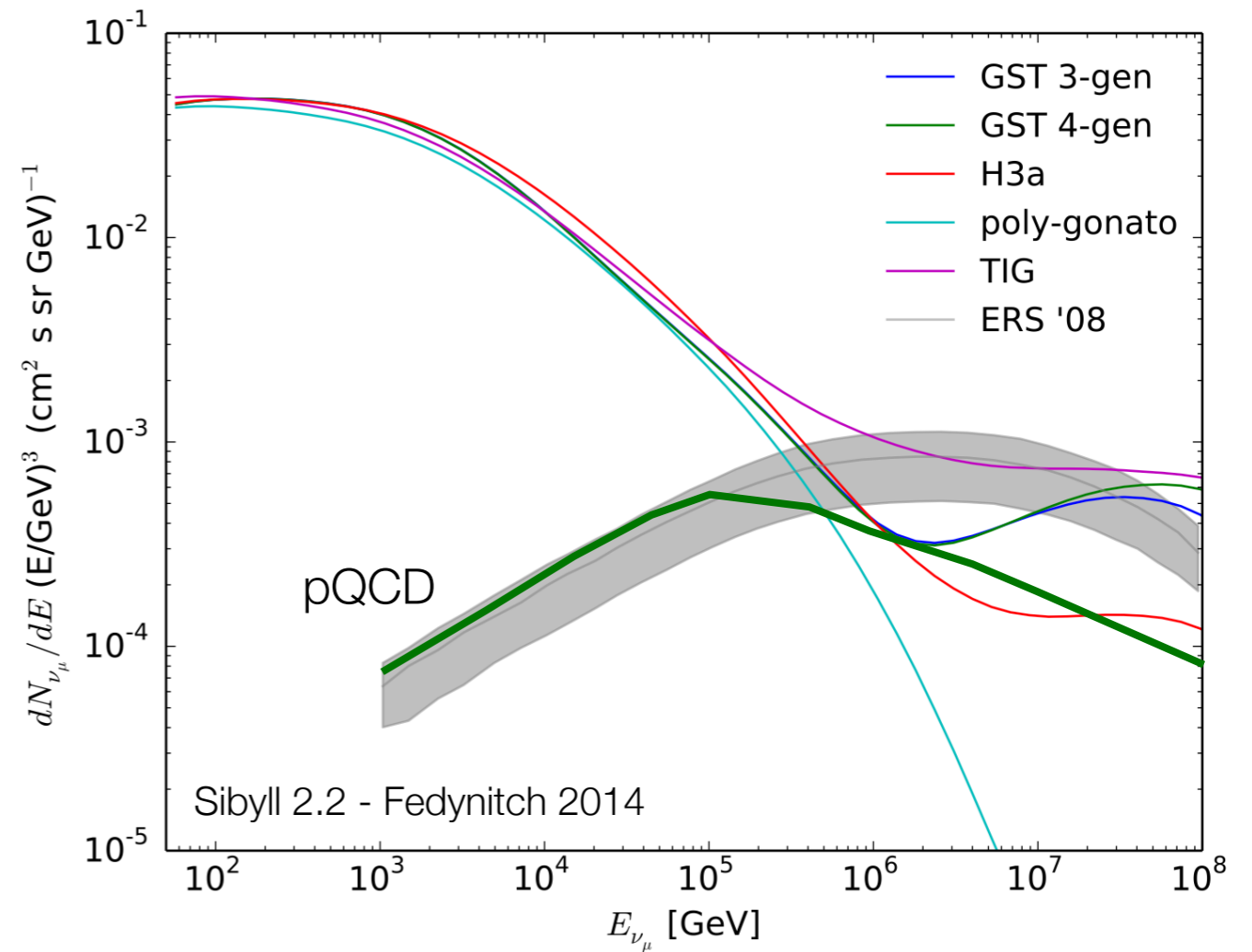
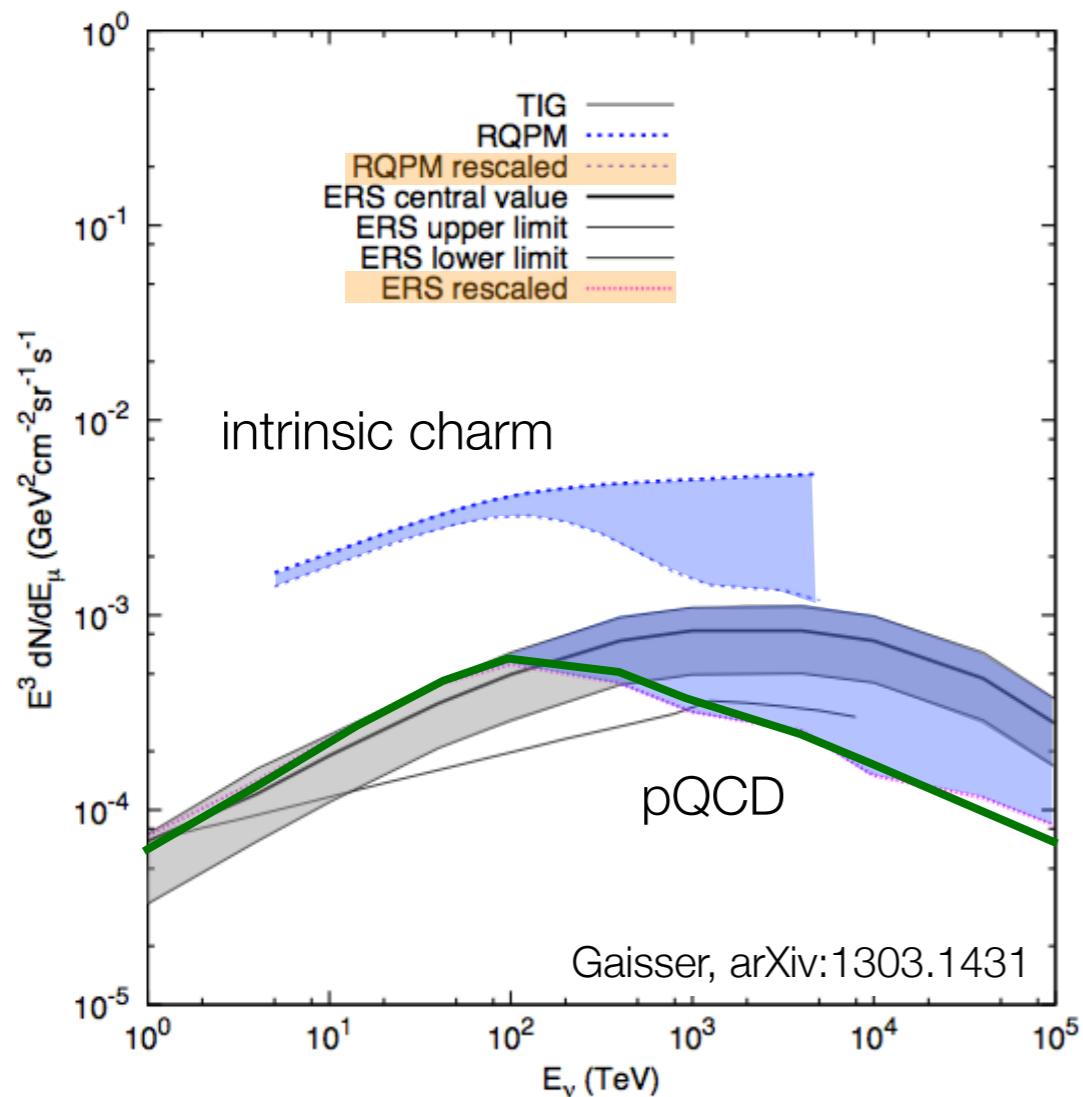


are non-perturbative effects important ?
intrinsic charm production
experimental evidence ?

heavy quark production and astrophysics

▶ effect of charm production **models**

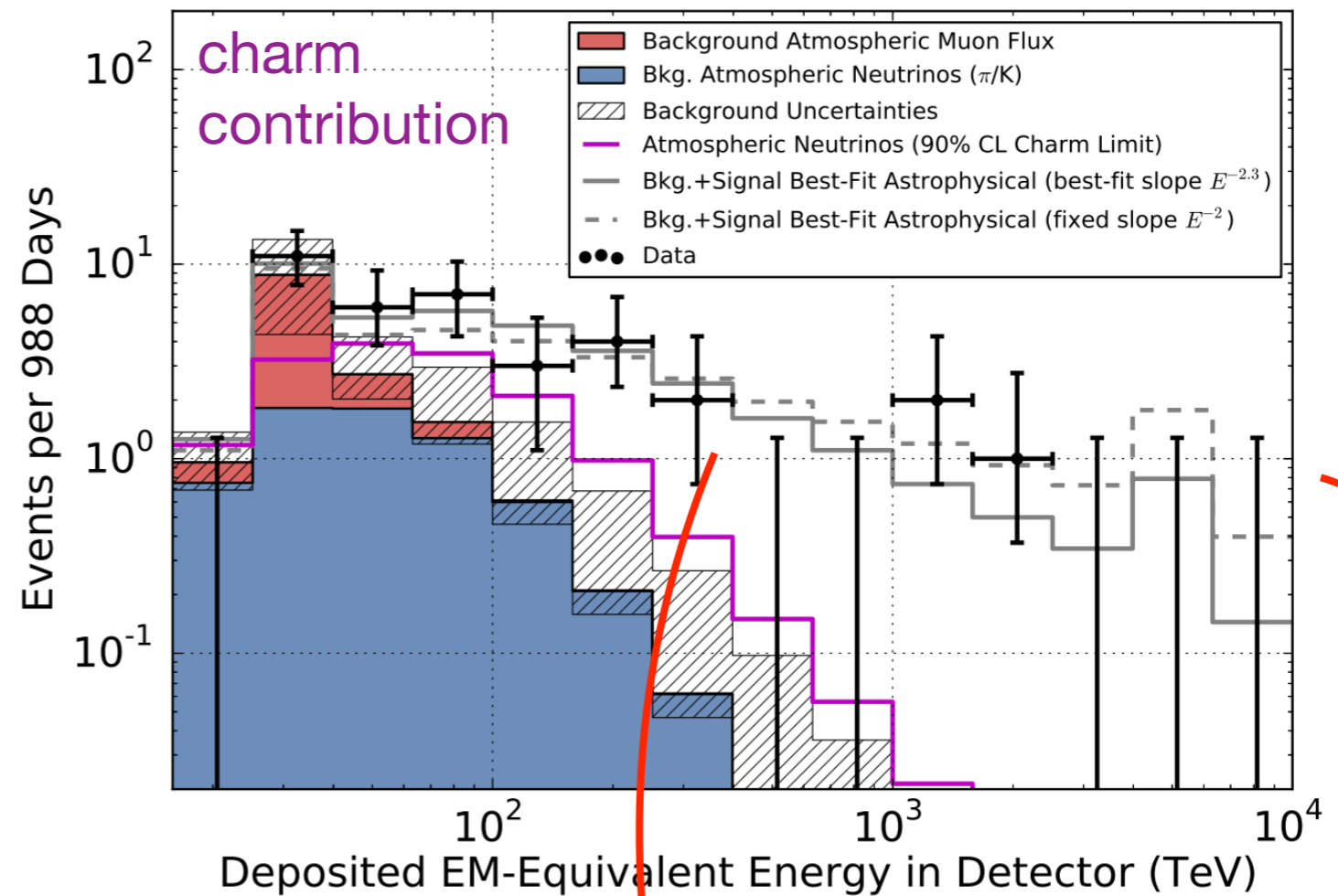
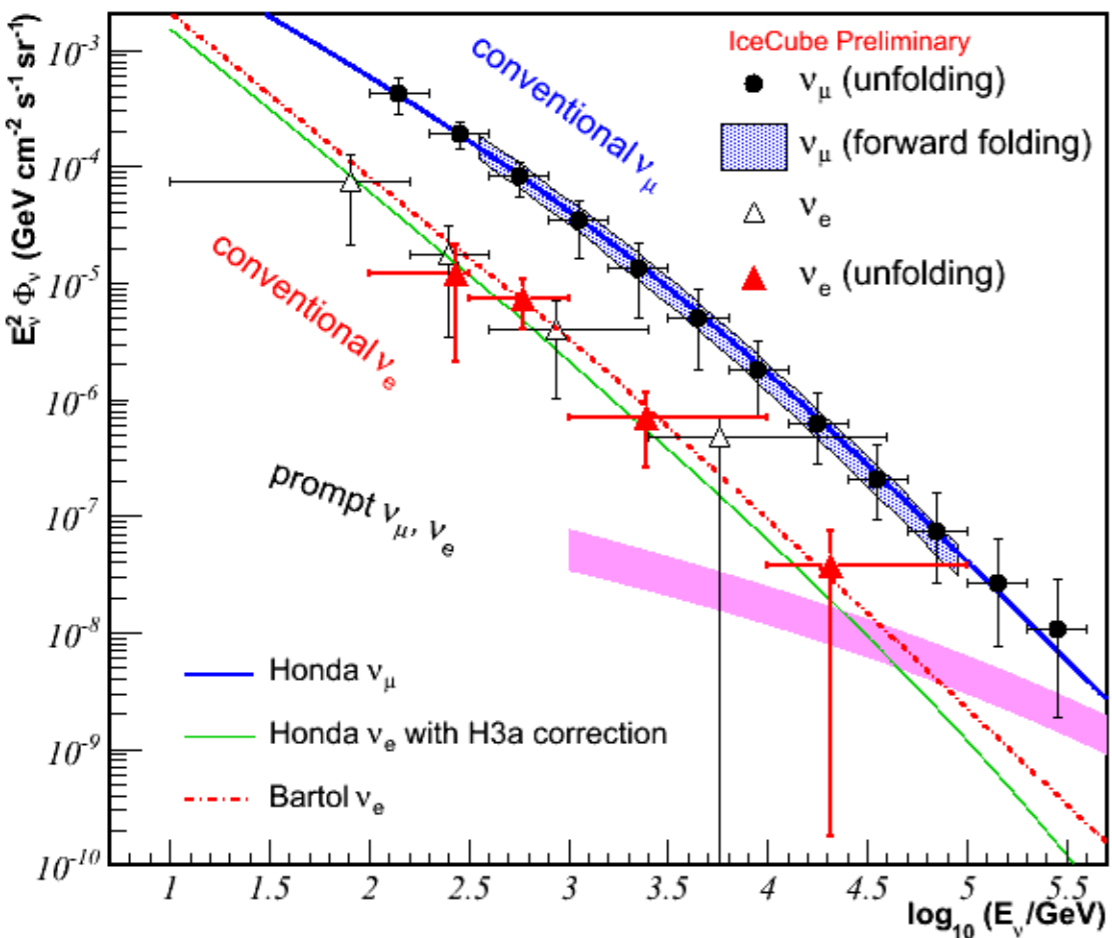
▶ effect of primary **cosmic ray spectrum**



heavy quark production and astrophysics

degeneracy prompt-astrophysical

observed starting all-direction **all-flavor**



Aartsen et al. Science 342 (2013) 1242856
Aartsen et al. arXiv:1405.5303

→ can neutrino telescopes probe charm production ?

prompt neutrinos?

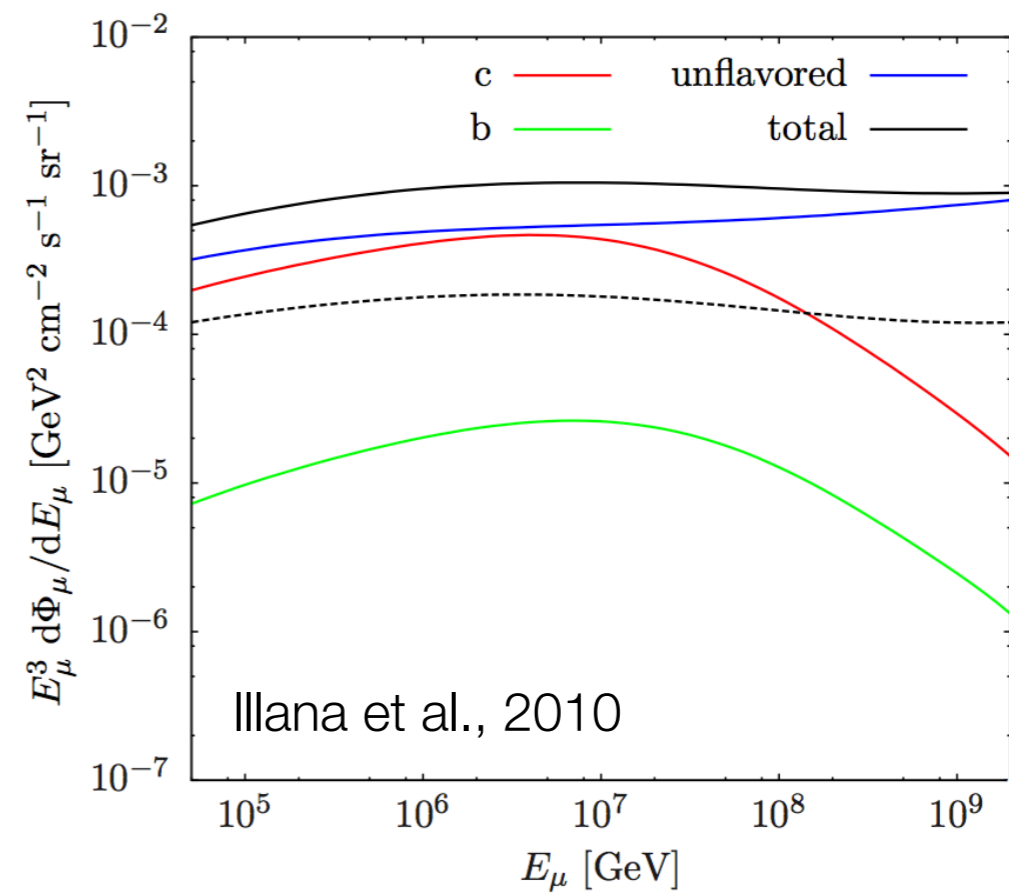
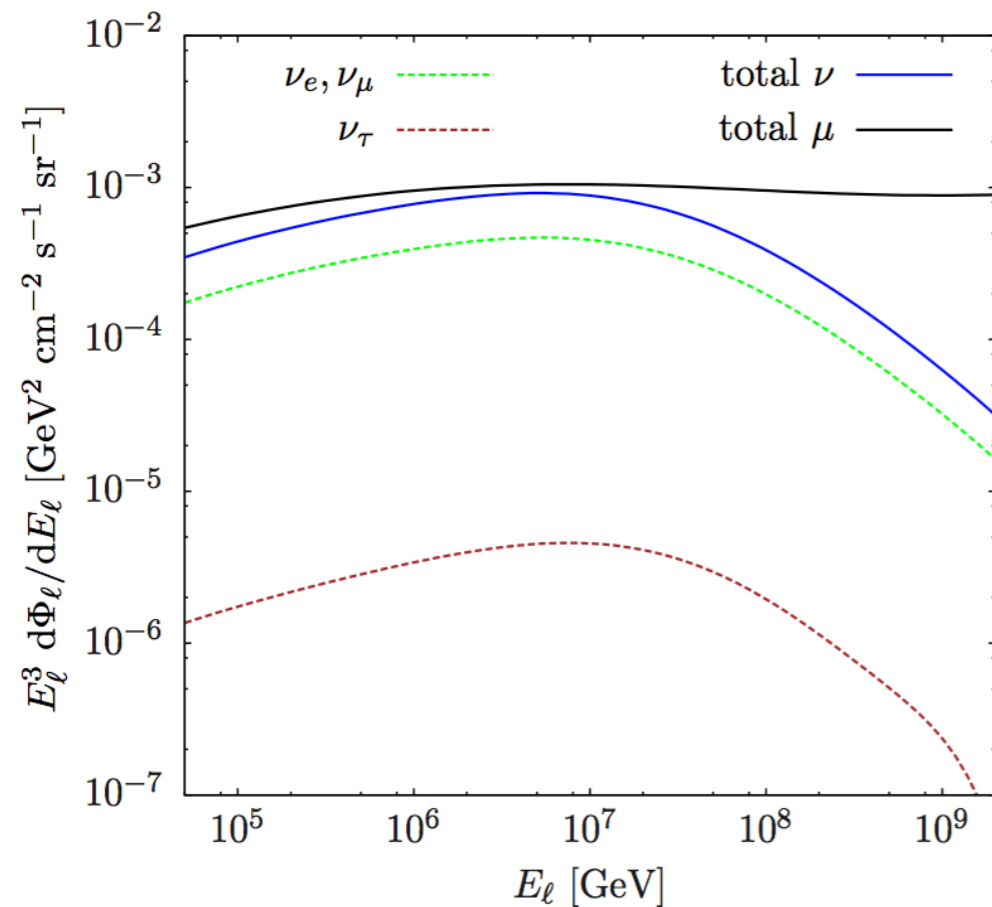
astrophysical neutrinos

summary #2

- prompt neutrino contribution **unknown** but currently affecting astrophysical spectrum estimate (and viceversa)
- **probe** charm production with neutrino telescopes?
 - consistent multi-flavor & north-south (self-veto) neutrino detection
 - leading muons in muon bundles (complications from multiplicity)
 - muon bundle lateral distribution (composition sensitive)
- **model** (pQCD+intrinsic charm) and **composition** dependency

one final remark

- **asymmetry** between muon and neutrino @ high energy
- muons dominated by unflavored η mesons $>$ PeV



atmospheric & charm session

Introductory remarks

Paolo Desiati **20+5**

Self-veto and charm production with HE neutrinos in IceCube

Gary Binder **20+5**

Atmospheric neutrinos and charm production

Chang Hyon **20+5**

Charm with high energy muons in IceCube Summary of P. Berghaus' results

H.P. Bretz **20+5**

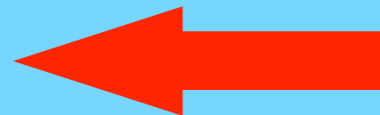
Coffee 15:40-16:10

ANTARES atmospheric/diffuse searches (with emphasis on atmospheric background)

A Margiotta **25+5**

IceCube MESE analyses (point source and diffuse)

Albrecht Karle (Madison) **25+5**



Remarks on Kshort production in the atmosphere

Tom Gaisser **10+5**

Review of charm production in colliders (RHIC, ALICE, LHCb,)

Alessandro Grelli (Utrecht) **25+5**

High energy hadronic interaction models bridging accelerator with cosmic ray physics

Anatoli Fedynitch (Karlsruhe) **25+5**