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UHECRs from a population of sources

PRD [Editor's suggestion] arXiv:2207.10691









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What we know about the sources of UHECRs Arrival directions



Dipole: Consistent with local galaxy distribution or local extragalactic sources (e.g. jetted AGN) (Giacinti 2011,, Harari et al 2014,2015,2021, Mollerach et al 2017, 2021, Auger Coll 2017, Ding et al 2021, Allard et al 2022, Eichmann, Kachelriess, FO 2022)

E > 32 EeV: Consistent with jetted AGN, Starburst galaxies, infrared galaxies, nonjetted AGN (Auger Coll 2018, 2022, Ap))

Number density: 10^{-5} Mpc⁻³, E > 70 EeV, $\langle \theta \rangle \lesssim 30^{\circ}$





What we know about the sources of UHECRs



Median Deflection: $\theta_{1/2}^{\text{JF12}} \sim 5^{\circ} \left(\frac{60 \text{ EV}}{R} \right)$

Number density: 10-5 Mpc-3, E > 70 EeV, $\langle \theta \rangle \lesssim 30^\circ$



What we know about the sources of UHECRs

Spectrum & Composition



Sources: Joint origin with PeV neutrinos possible **Composition:** Increasingly heavy with increasing energy, consistent with "Peters Cycle"

Searching for the sources of UHECRs

 $\log_{10}(E/eV)$

Auger Coll. 2022, JCAP CNO Fe He Si 20.0 18.5 19.5 19.0 $\log_{10}(E/eV)$ He N Si He

Generic Source Properties:

Allard et al 2007, 8, Hooper et al 2007, Unger et al 2015, Auger Coll 2016, Kachelriess et al 2017, Muzio et al 2019, 2022, Mollerach et al 2020, Das et al 2021.

Specific source classes:

Jetted AGN - Eichmann et al 2017, 2022, Fang et al 2018, Kimura et al 2018, Rodrigues et al 2021

GRBs - Globus et al 2015, Biehl et al 2017, Zhang et al 2018, Boncioli et al 2018, 2019, Rudolf 2019, 2022, Heinze et al 2020,

TDEs - Biehl et al 2017, Guepin et al 2017, Zhang et al 2019

Transrelativistic Supernovae - Zhang & Murase 2019 **Starburst galaxies** - Condorelli et al 2022

Sources generally assumed to be intrinsically identical

Distribution of maximum energies: **UHECR protons:** Kachelriess & Semikoz 2007 Galactic sources: Shibata et al 2010 **Discrete AGN:** Eichmann, Kachelriess, FO 2022

Maximum UHECR energy

Alves Batista et al 2019, FrASS, 6, 23

Maximum UHECR energy

Alves Batista et al 2019, FrASS, 6, 23

 $E_{\rm max} \sim \beta_{\rm sh} R B \Gamma$

e.g. 43 TeV emitting blazars in minimal SSC model $B \sim 10^{-4} - 10 G$ R~10¹⁵ - 10¹⁷ cm Γ~ 10-50 $E_{max} \sim 10^{17} - 10^{20} \text{ eV}$

Maximum UHECR energy Hillas energy (Hillas 1984):

Alves Batista et al 2019, FrASS, 6, 23

$E_{\rm max} \sim \beta_{\rm sh} RB\Gamma Ze$

Espresso acceleration (Caprioli 2015):

$$\langle E_{\rm max} \rangle \sim \Gamma^2 E_{\rm max,Galactic}$$

In general $E_{\rm max} \propto \Gamma^{\alpha}$

In the blazar population (Lister et al 2019, MOJAVE program, ~200 blazars tracked over 5 years)

 $dN(\Gamma)/d\Gamma = \Gamma^{-\eta}, 1.25 < \Gamma < 50, \eta \approx 1.4$

Therefore

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}N}{\mathrm{d}E_{\mathrm{max}}} = \frac{\mathrm{d}N}{\mathrm{d}\Gamma} \left| \frac{\mathrm{d}\Gamma}{\mathrm{d}E_{\mathrm{max}}} \right| \propto E_{\mathrm{max}}^{\frac{1-\eta}{\alpha}-1} \begin{cases} E_{\mathrm{max}}^{-1.4} & \mathrm{Hill} \\ E_{\mathrm{max}}^{-1.2} & \mathrm{Espr} \end{cases}$$

Maximum UHECR energy

Lovelace 1976, Waxman 1995, 2001, Blandford 2000, Lemoine & Waxman 2009

Marcotulli et al 2022, Swift BAT Blazar Luminosity Function

UHECRs from a population with a range of maximum energies

- Fit UHECR spectrum and composition observables
- Assume a Peters Cycle
- Large number of sources
- Above-ankle fit (no source interactions or second source population)
- Quantify the allowed "diversity" in maximum rigidity in the UHECR source population

From identical sources to a rigidity distribution

Rigidity

$$Y, R = \frac{\text{Energy}}{Z}$$

Single Source UHECR Spectrum

Single Source UHECR Spectrum

Population Spectrum Power-law distributed maximum rigidity

Single Source UHECR Spectrum

Population Spectrum Power-law distributed maximum rigidity

Single Source UHECR Spectrum

Population Spectrum Power-law distributed maximum rigidity

Single Source UHECR Spectrum

Broken exponential, e.g. Auger Combined Fit (Aab et al 2017) Super exponential in case of DSA with synchrotron losses with $dN/dR \propto \exp - R^{\lambda}$, $\lambda = 2$ e.g. Zirakasvili & Aharonian 2007

Population Spectrum Power-law distributed maximum rigidity

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Single-power-law distributed maximum rigidity

Single-power-law distributed maximum rigidity

Single-power-law distributed maximum rigidity

Model variations

- R_{max} systematically changes with redshift
- Redshift evolution of source number density
- Minimum source redshift
- Super-exponential source spectrum cutoff
- Hadronic interaction models
- Injection composition fixed to Galactic

Model	Parameter	$eta_{ m pop}$	$\gamma_{ m src}$
fd		$5.2^{+26.4*}_{-0.5}$	$-0.8^{+1.4}_{-0.5}$
bp	eta_1,eta_2	$18.4^{+8.5}_{-11.2}$	$-3.5^{+0.2}_{-0.8}$
zr	$q \in [-5, 2]$	$4.8^{+26.9*}_{-0.5}$	$-0.19\substack{+0.89\\-0.18}$
zn	m = -3	$4.4^{+23.9}_{-0.5}$	$0.2\substack{+0.8 \\ -0.4}$
	m = 3	$6.46\substack{+0.36 \\ -0.34}$	$-2.0^{+0.4}_{-0.5*}$
	m = 6	$6.46\substack{+0.36 \\ -0.34}$	$-2.24^{+0.35}_{-0.18}$
zm	$z_{\min} = 0.01$	$29.9^{+1.7*}_{-25.5}$	$0.38\substack{+0.18 \\ -1.22}$
SC	$\lambda \in [1, 50]$	$4.0^{+3.2}_{-0.4}$	$1.43\substack{+0.16 \\ -0.16}$
fg	f^R_A	$4.9^{+0.5}_{-0.5}$	$0.73\substack{+0.16 \\ -0.16}$
ex	EPOS-LHC	$3.17\substack{+0.18 \\ -0.17}$	$1.43\substack{+0.09 \\ -0.09}$
	SIBYLL2.3c	$3.5^{+0.6}_{-0.5}$	$1.69^{+0.09}_{-0.09}$

Model variations

- R_{max} systematically changes with redshift
- Decreasing R_{max} preferred (less elemental mixing)
- Redshift evolution of source number density
- Decreasing density preferred (less elemental mixing)
- Minimum source redshift
- Smaller z_{min} preferred (fewer interactions, less mixing)
- Super-exponential source spectrum cutoff
- Small preference for strong cutoff- almost Heaviside spectra
- Hadronic interaction models
- Worse fit with EPOS-LHC but more population variance allo
- Injection composition fixed to Galactic
- Poorer fit hard source spectra needed to compensate

 $\mathrm{d}N$ $\propto R_{\rm max}^{-\beta_{\rm pop}}$ dR_{max}

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$$\frac{\mathrm{d}N}{\mathrm{d}R_{\mathrm{max}}} \propto R_{\mathrm{max}}^{-\beta_{\mathrm{pop}}}$$

Model	Parameter	$\beta_{ m pop}$	$\gamma_{ m src}$
fd		r ∩+26.4*	∩ o+1.4
bp			
zr	For	all model var	riations:
zn			
		$\beta_{\rm pop} \gtrsim 3$	
zm	<u> </u>	f UHECR sou	irces have
SC	same Rn	hax within a fac	ctor of three.
Ig			
ex owed	Sibyll2.3c	$3.5^{+0.6}_{-0.5}$	$1.69\substack{+0.09 \\ -0.09}$

Hard X-ray luminosity function of Compton thick AGN, Ueda et al 2014

14 Swift-selected Long GRBs, Pescalli et al 2016

$$dN/dR_{\max} \propto \begin{cases} \left(\frac{R_{\max}}{R_0}\right)^{-\beta_1} & R_{\max} < R_0\\ \left(\frac{R_{\max}}{R_0}\right)^{-\beta_2} & R_{\max} > R_0 \end{cases}$$

 $\beta_1 \leq 1$: Reduces to a single power-law

$$\phi_{\rm pop} \propto \begin{cases} R^{-\gamma_{\rm src}} & R \ll R_0 \\ R^{-\gamma_{\rm src} - \beta_{\rm pop} + 1} & R \gg R_0 \end{cases}$$

$$dN/dR_{\max} \propto \begin{cases} \left(\frac{R_{\max}}{R_0}\right)^{-\beta_1} & R_{\max} < R_0\\ \left(\frac{R_{\max}}{R_0}\right)^{-\beta_2} & R_{\max} > R_0 \end{cases}$$

 $\beta_1 > 1$: Full broken-power law treatment

Individual source energy spectral index

Individual source energy spectral index

Summary

- First systematic investigation of allowed population variance in maximum UHECR rigidity
- Strong constraints on astrophysical sources
 - •Near-identical sources or sharp cutoff in rigidity distrib.
 - Low rigidity tail exacerbates hard injection spectra
- •NB: Additional variance expected from distribution of radius, magnetic field strength...
- Few sources? (in tension with source # density constraints)
- Seyferts with extra-hard injection spectra?
- Exotic physics?

Back-up slides

Different hadronic interaction models

Model	SIBYLL2.3c	SIBYLL2.3c	Epos-LHC
	(no shifts)	(fid. shifts)	(fid. shifts)
R_0 [EV]	$1.73^{+0.20}_{-0.18}$	$0.57^{+1.88}_{-0.11}$	$1.6^{+0.6}_{-0.4}$
$eta_{ m pop}$	$29.9^{+1.7*}_{-18.1}$	$5.2^{+26.4*}_{-0.5}$	$4.4^{+0.5}_{-0.5}$
$\gamma_{ m src}$	$-0.23^{+0.18}_{-0.26}$	$-0.8^{+1.4}_{-0.5}$	$0.1^{+0.4}_{-0.5}$
$f^R_A[\%]$	0^{+0}_{-0}	$0^{+36.4}_{-0}$	0^{+0}_{-0}
	$58.1^{+0.4}_{-1.9}$	$0^{+51.3}_{-0}$	$36.9^{+7.4}_{-22.8}$
	$35.0^{+1.6}_{-0.2}$	$93.7^{+0.5}_{-53.5}$	$50.3^{+16.3}_{-5.4}$
	$5.7^{+0.5}_{-0.6}$	$0.3^{+7.7}_{-0.3}$	$11.3^{+6.6}_{-3.8}$
	$1.16^{+0.12}_{-0.11}$	$6.0^{+0.2}_{-3.8}$	$1.41^{+0.27}_{-0.04}$
$R_{ m max}^{0.90} \; [R_0]$	$1.083\substack{+0.155 \\ -0.005}$	$1.72_{-0.64}^{+0.13}$	$1.97\substack{+0.22 \\ -0.17}$
$\chi^2/{ m d.o.f.}$	45.0/26	40.4/26	56.3/26

Redshift evolution of source number density, $n(z) \sim n_0 \cdot (1 + z)^m$

Redshift				
evolution m	-3	0	3	6
$R_0 [{ m EV}]$	$0.80\substack{+1.88 \\ -0.16}$	$0.57^{+1.88}_{-0.11}$	$0.46\substack{+0.05\\-0.09}$	$0.52\substack{+0.06 \\ -0.05}$
$eta_{ m pop}$	$4.4^{+23.9}_{-0.5}$	$5.2^{+26.4*}_{-0.5}$	$6.46\substack{+0.36 \\ -0.34}$	$6.46\substack{+0.36 \\ -0.34}$
$\gamma_{ m src}$	$0.2^{+0.8}_{-0.4}$	$-0.8^{+1.4}_{-0.5}$	$-2.0^{+0.4}_{-0.5}$	$-2.24_{-0.18}^{+0.35}$
f^R_A [%]	$3.5^{+46.8}_{-3.5}$	$0^{+36.4}_{-0}$	$0^{+0.01}_{-0}$	0^{+0}_{-0}
	$8.7\substack{+49.8 \\ -8.7}$	$0^{+51.3}_{-0}$	$2.6^{+17.0}_{-2.6}$	0^{+0}_{-0}
	$81.3^{+11.5}_{-46.7}$	$93.7^{+0.5}_{-53.5}$	$90.5^{+2.0}_{-16.2}$	$38.5^{+1.8}_{-15.7}$
	$1.7^{+3.7}_{-0.8}$	$0.3^{+7.7}_{-0.3}$	$0^{+0.9}_{-0}$	$53.0^{+16.2}_{-3.9}$
	$4.8^{+0.8}_{-2.8}$	$6.0^{+0.2}_{-3.8}$	$6.8^{+0.5}_{-1.3}$	$8.5^{+2.1}_{-0.5}$
$R_{ m max}^{0.90} \; [R_0]$	$1.97^{+0.22}_{-0.88}$	$1.72^{+0.13}_{-0.64}$	$1.53^{+0.04}_{-0.04}$	$1.53\substack{+0.04 \\ -0.04}$
χ^2 /d.o.f.	37.3/26	40.6/26	42.5/26	68.9/26

Redshift evolution of the maximum rigidity, $R_{\max}(z) \sim R_{\max}^{z=0}(1+z)^q$

Different cutoff functions (super exponential)

