

Sky brightness evaluation at Concordia Base, Antarctica



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Astronomy and
Astrophysics from
Antarctica

September 8-10, 2021 Virtual Meeting

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Presentation content

- Introduction to Sun, solar corona and coronagraphy
- ESCAPE project
 - ▷ AntarctiCor telescope
- XXXIV – XXXV Italian Mission in Antarctica
 - ▷ general overview
 - ▷ sky brightness evaluation
- Conclusion



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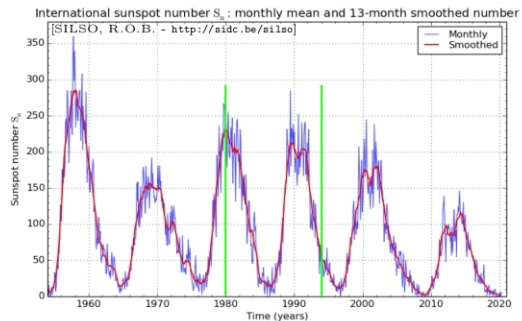
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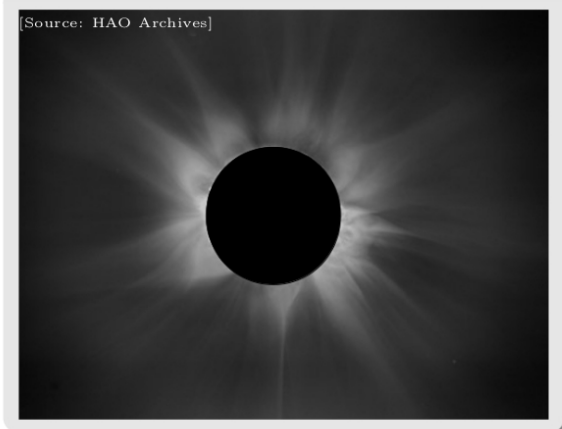


Solar Corona

- ▶ Relation with solar activity
- ▶ 11 years solar cycle



1980 [solar maximum]



1994 [solar minimum]

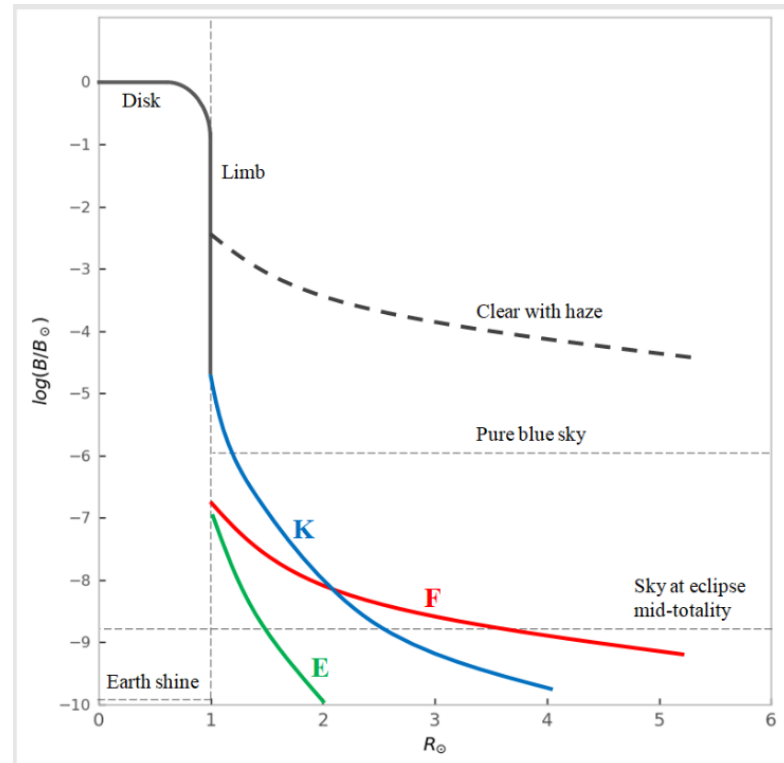
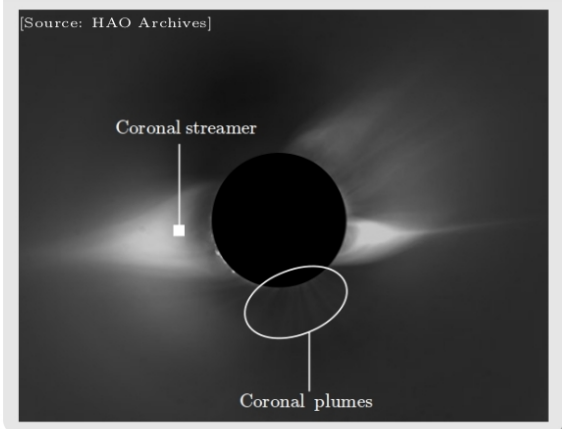



Figure: Coronal brightness vs Heliocentric height.



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Extreme Solar Coronagraphy Antarctic Program Experiment – ESCAPE

Why Antarctica

- ▶ Sun 24/7
- ▶ Driest place on Earth
- ▶ No anthropic pollution
- ▶ Atmospheric thickness

Altitude: 3230 m a.s.l.



Figure 2. Composition of hourly images showing the Sun position at Concordia base during the antarctic summer (Credits: PNRA/IPEV). In the bottom part, images from a 360° camera from BSRN project (PI, Dr. A. Lupi).



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Concordia Base, Antarctica

Altitude: 3230 m a.s.l.

75° 06' 12" S

123° 21' 30" E



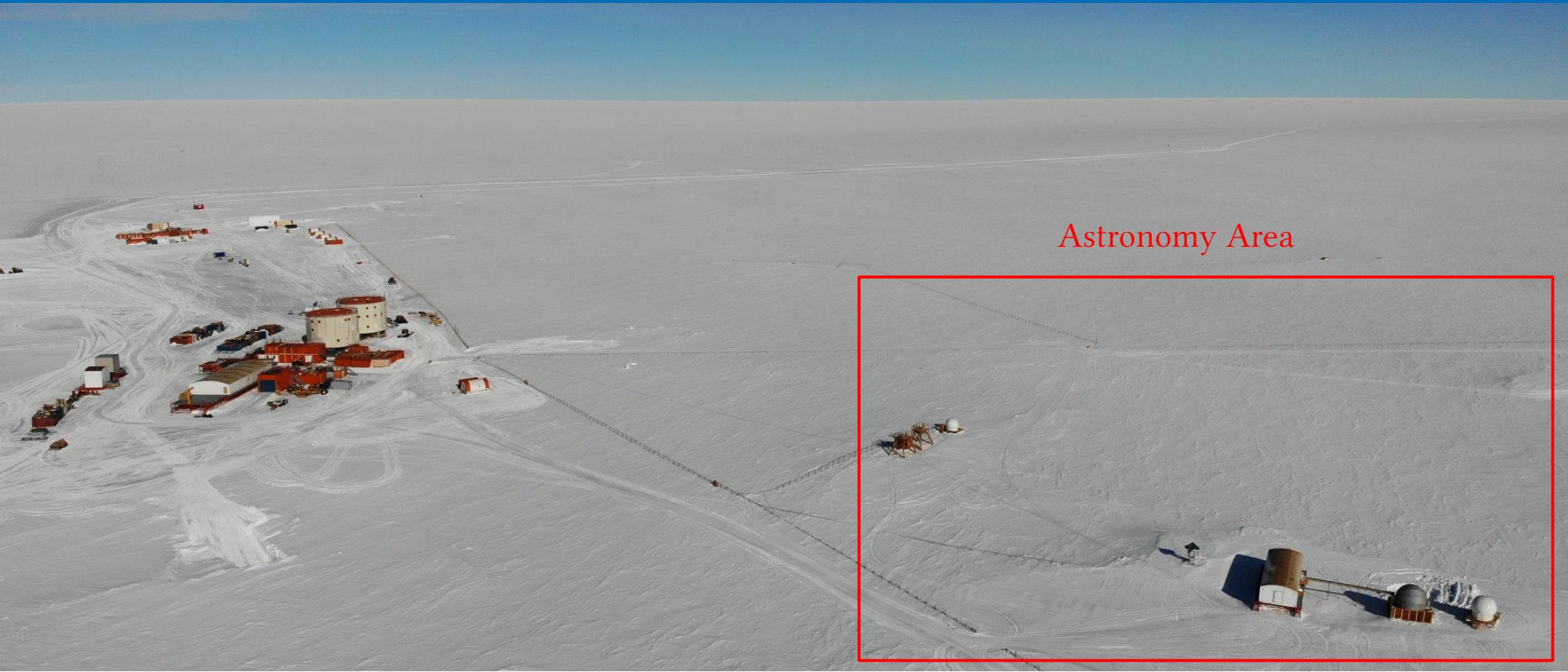


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Astronomy Area





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Astronomy Area



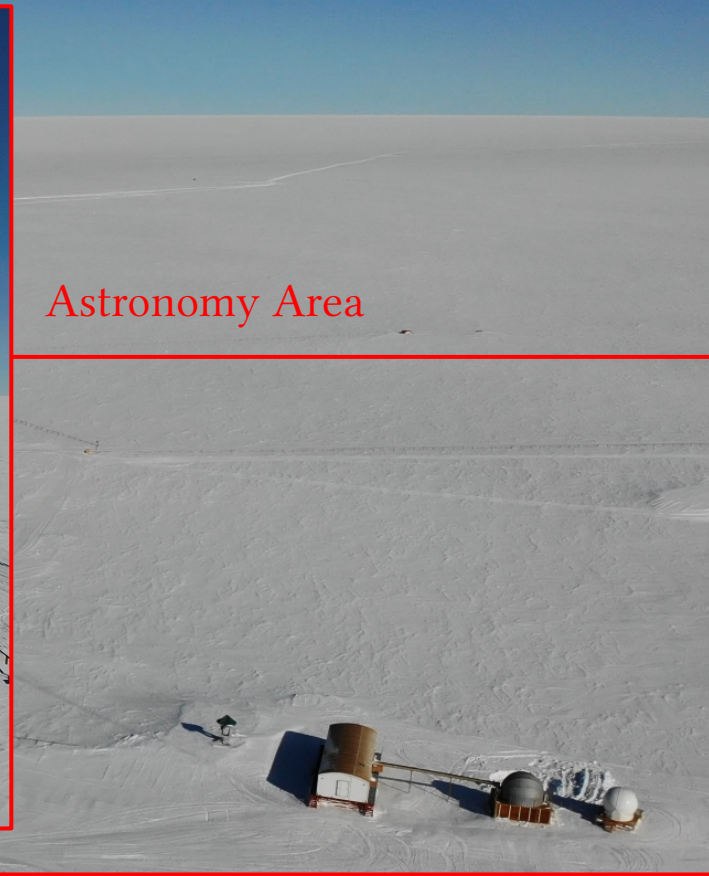


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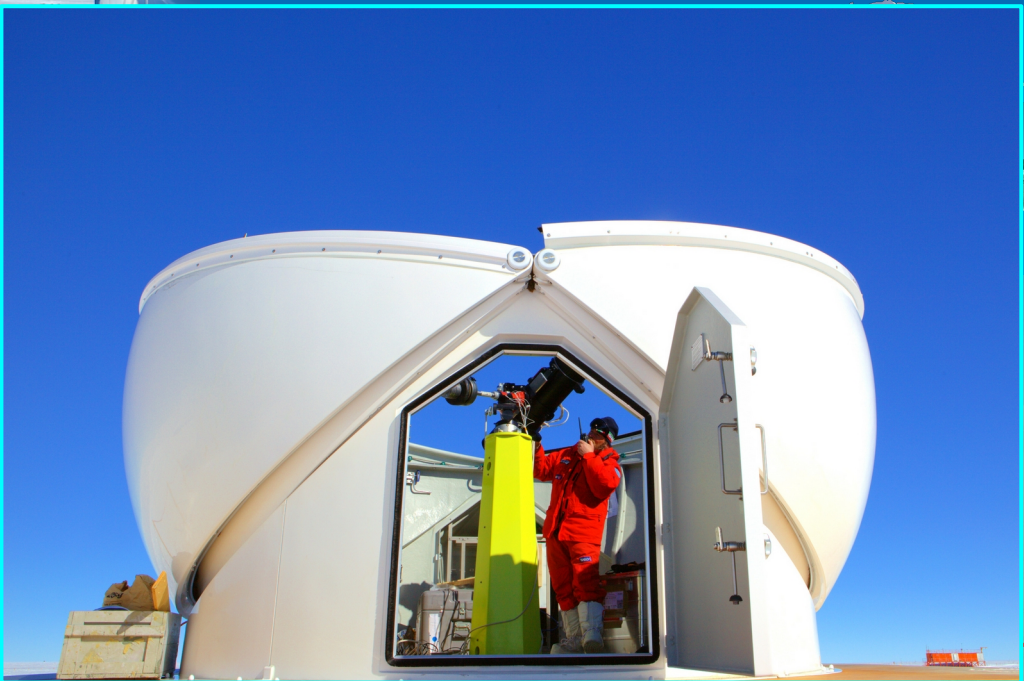
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Astronomy Area



Meet
didate





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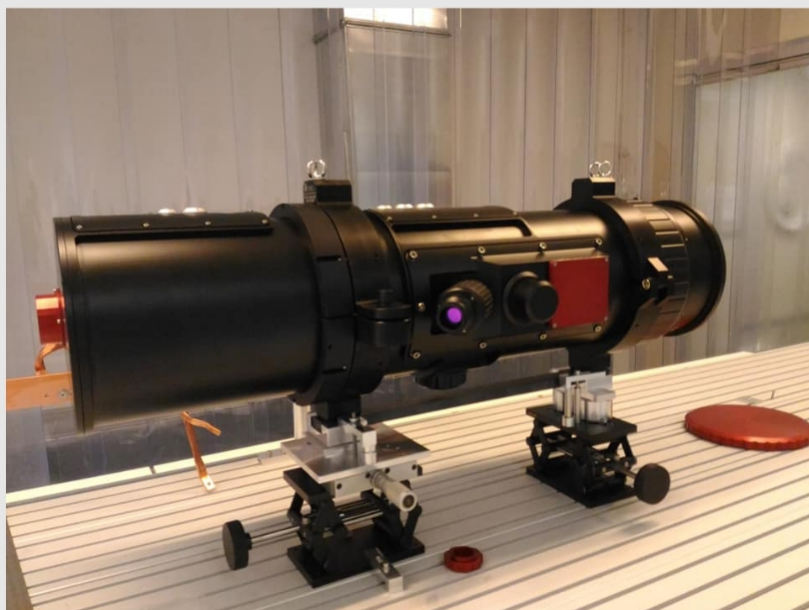
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Antarctic Coronagraph

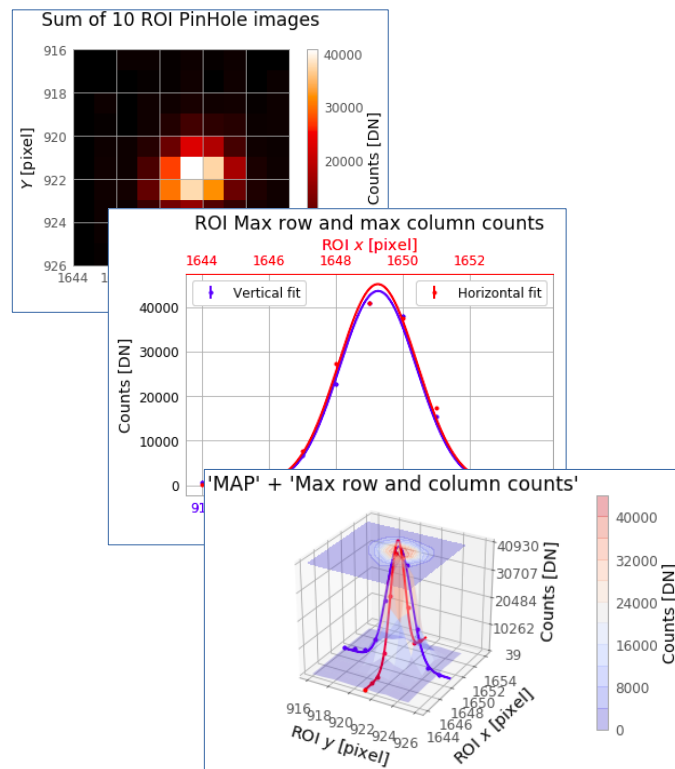
AntarctiCor (clean room ISO-5)



OPSys - ALTEC




- ▶ Aperture: 50 mm
- ▶ E.f.l.: 700 mm (F/14)
- ▶ $\lambda = 545 \div 604$ nm



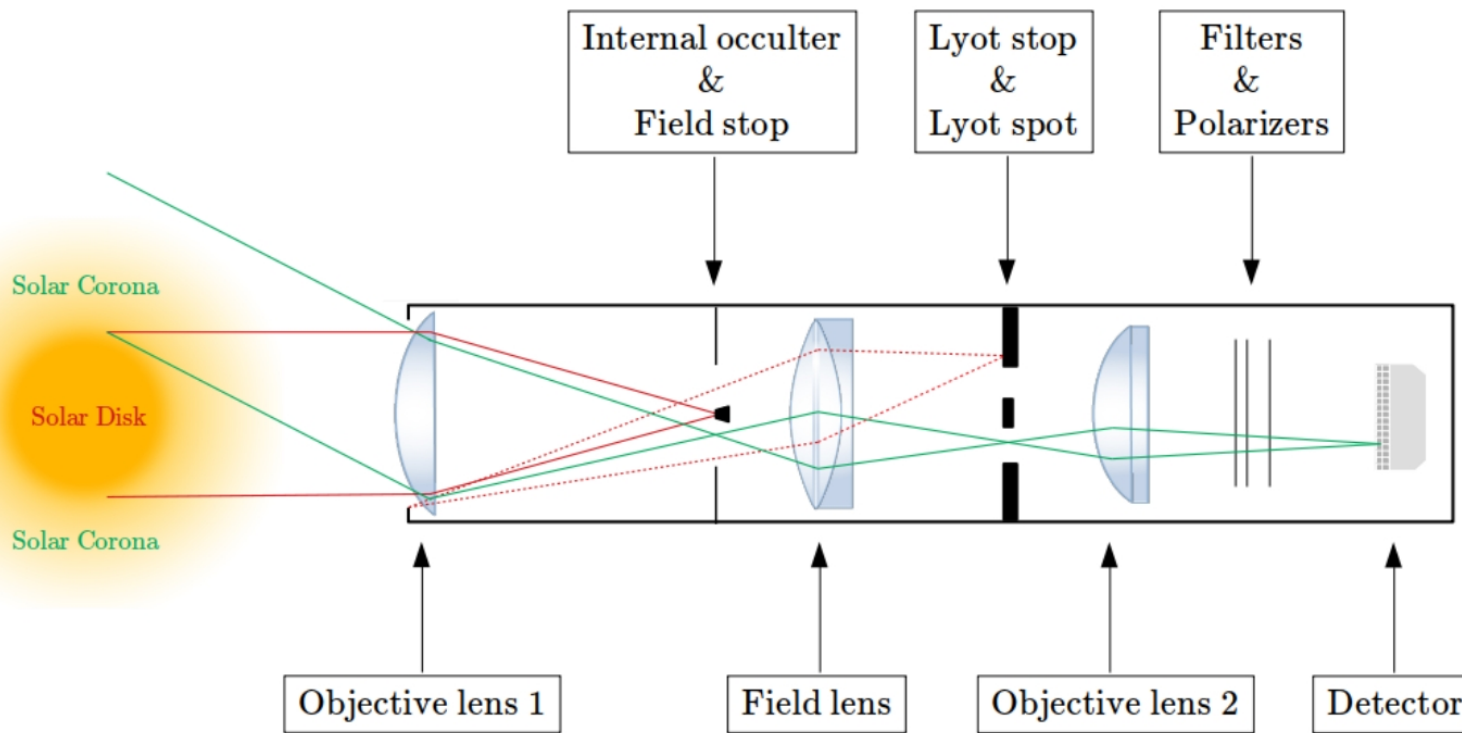


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No total solar eclipse



(internally) occulted
coronagraph



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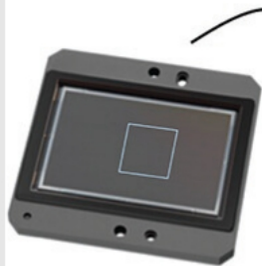
PolarCam



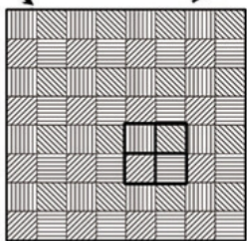
[Plate scale: 4.3 arcsec (2×2 binning)
FoV: $\pm 0.84^\circ$ ($3.14 R_\odot$) along diagonal]



Polarizer microarray



Camera
sensor



Polarizer array matched
to detector pixels

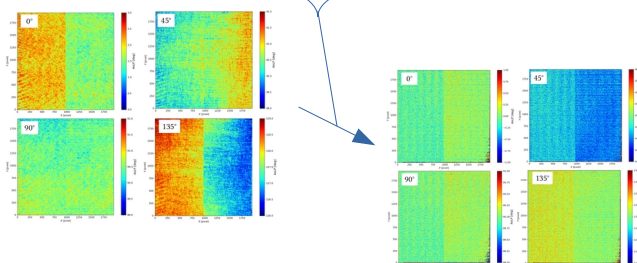
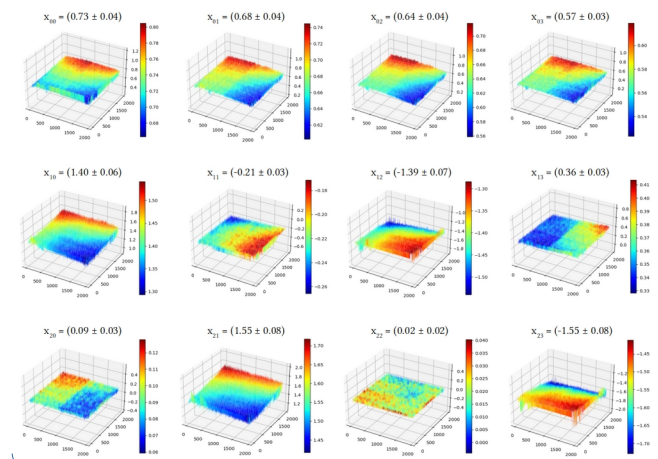


Unit cell
(super pixel)

0°	45°	0°	45°	0°	0°	0°	0°
135°	90°	135°	90°	135°			
0°	45°	0°	45°	0°	0°	0°	0°
135°	90°	135°	90°	135°			
0°	45°	0°	45°	0°	0°	0°	0°
$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	0°_A	$0^\circ_{(A+B)/2}$	0°_B
$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ_{(A+B)/2}$	$0^\circ_{(A-B)/2}$	$0^\circ_{(B-C)/2}$
$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	0°_D	$0^\circ_{(D+E)/2}$	0°_E
$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ_{(D+E)/2}$	$0^\circ_{(D-E)/2}$	0°_F
$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	$0^\circ/4$	0°_G	$0^\circ_{(G+H)/2}$	0°_H
					$0^\circ_{(G+H)/2}$	$0^\circ_{(G-H)/2}$	0°_I

0° output [type 1]

0° output [type 2]



1 shot \rightarrow 4 images ($0^\circ, 45^\circ, 90^\circ, 135^\circ$) $\rightarrow \vec{S} = [I, Q, U]$



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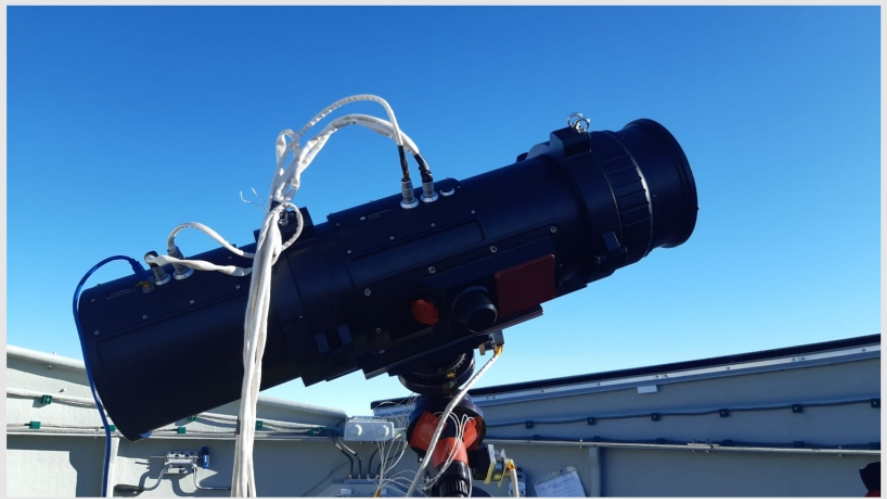
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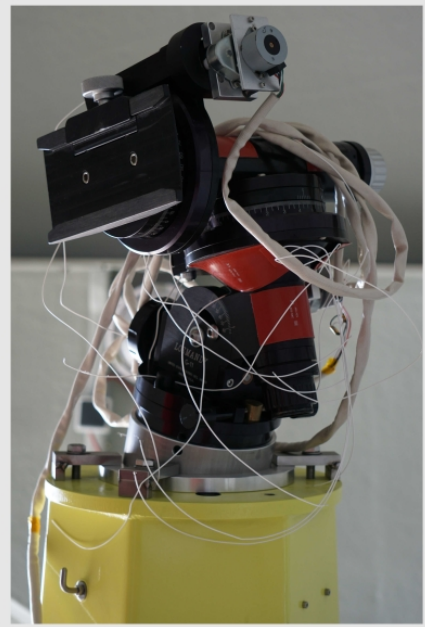
Thermal control

AntarctiCor

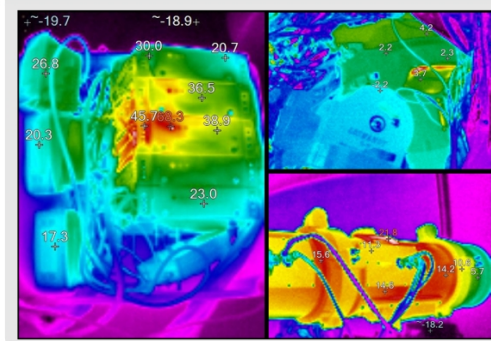


- ▶ PT100 (ARDUINO+LabVIEW control)
- ▶ Heating tapes and thermal blanket

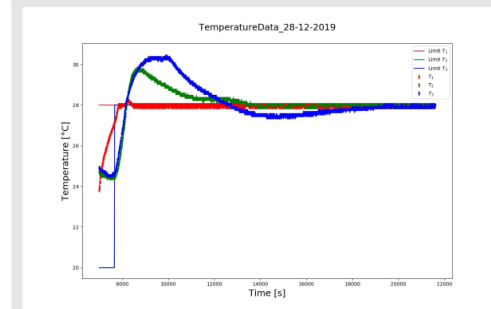
Mount



Infrared Camera




Temperature check





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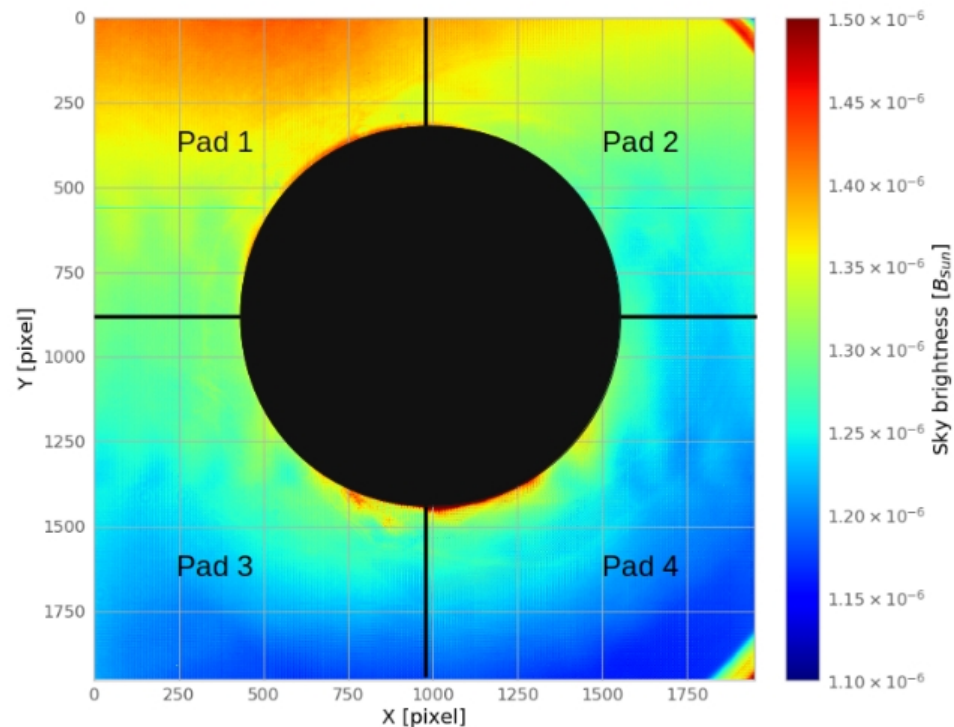
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$$B_{sky}[B_{\odot}] = \frac{(I_{sky}/t_{exp}^{sky})}{(I_{diff}/t_{exp}^{diff})} K T_{diff}$$

$$\begin{cases} K = 1.083 \times 10^{-5} & \text{(geometric factor} \\ & \text{-light over solid angle-)} \\ T_{diff} = 0.28 & \text{(diffuser transmissivity)} \end{cases}$$


$$B_{sky}[B_{\odot}] = \frac{\sum_i B_{sky}^i}{4}$$





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XXXIV campaign

$$B_{\text{sky}} = (1.2 \pm 0.1) \times 10^{-6} B_{\odot}$$

XXXV campaign

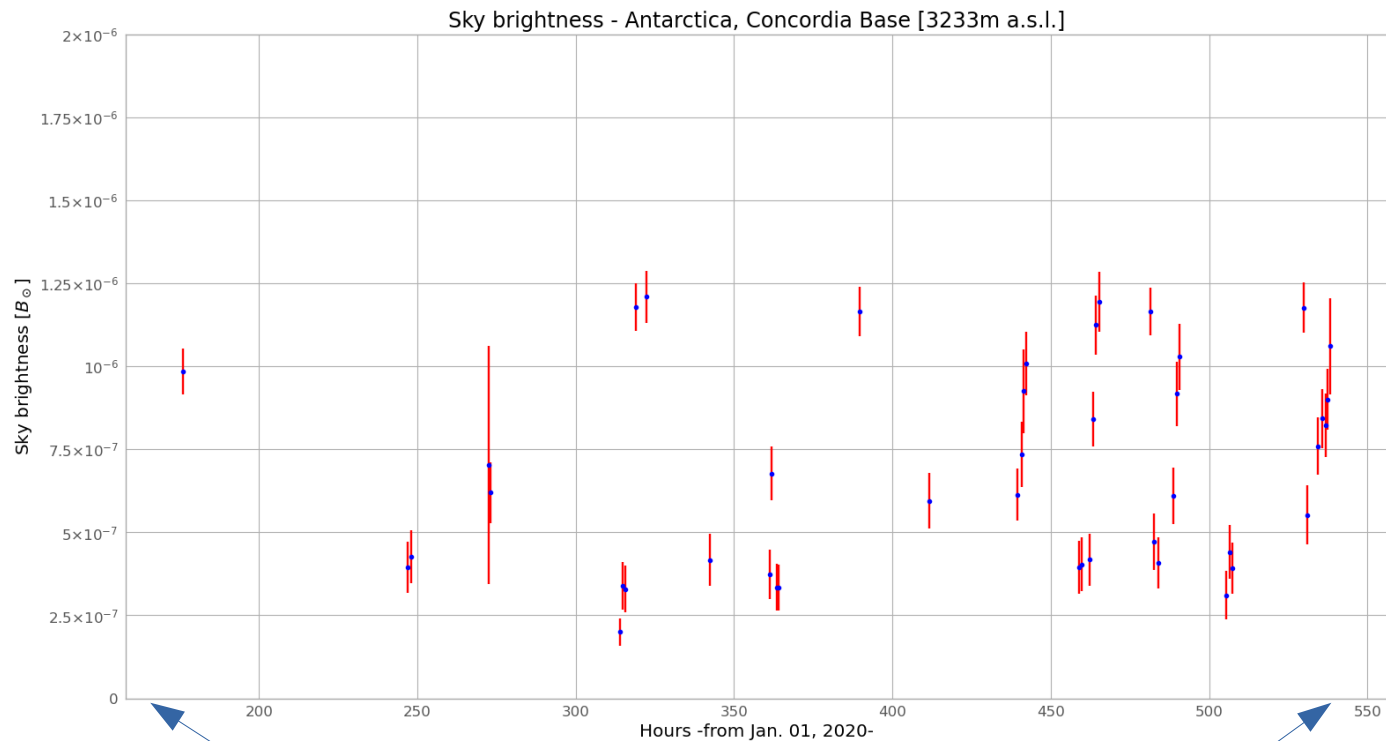
$$B_{\text{sky}} = (6.93 \pm 0.02) \times 10^{-7} B_{\odot}$$

XXXVII campaign

COVID-19 pandemic

XXXVII campaign

Next campaign!



Jan. 1st, 2020

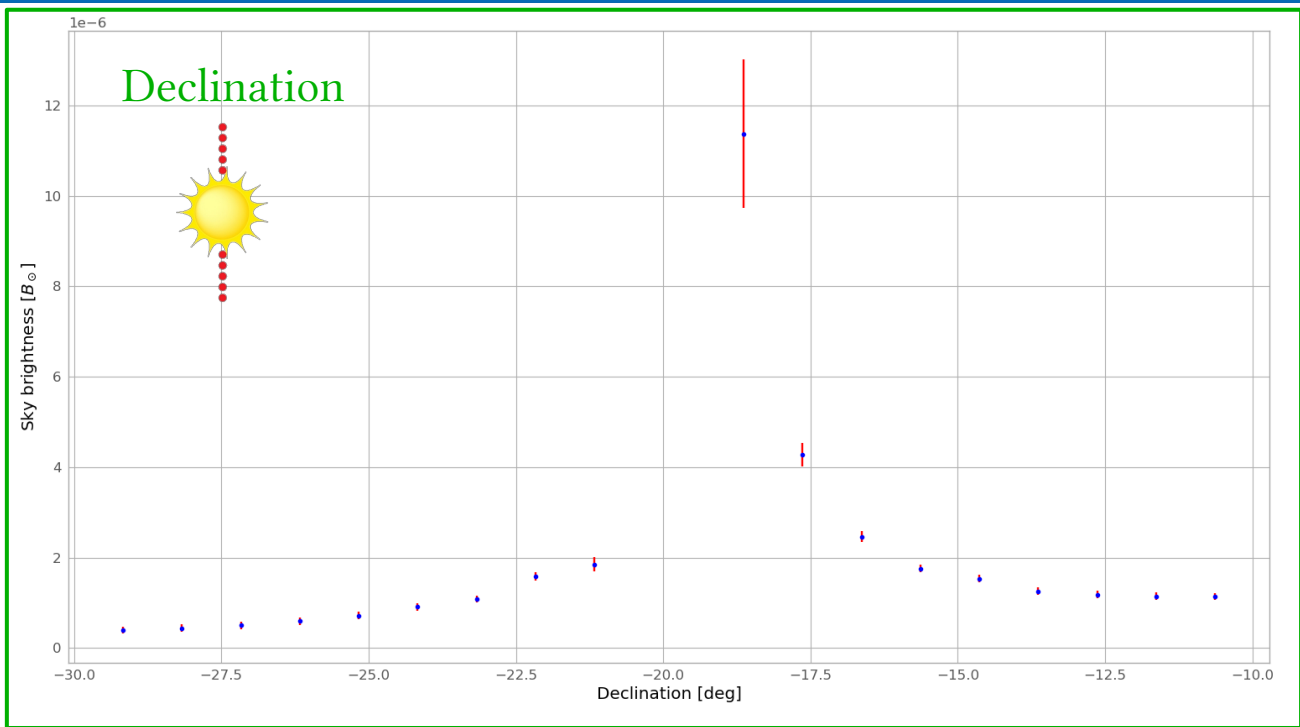
Jan. 22nd, 2020



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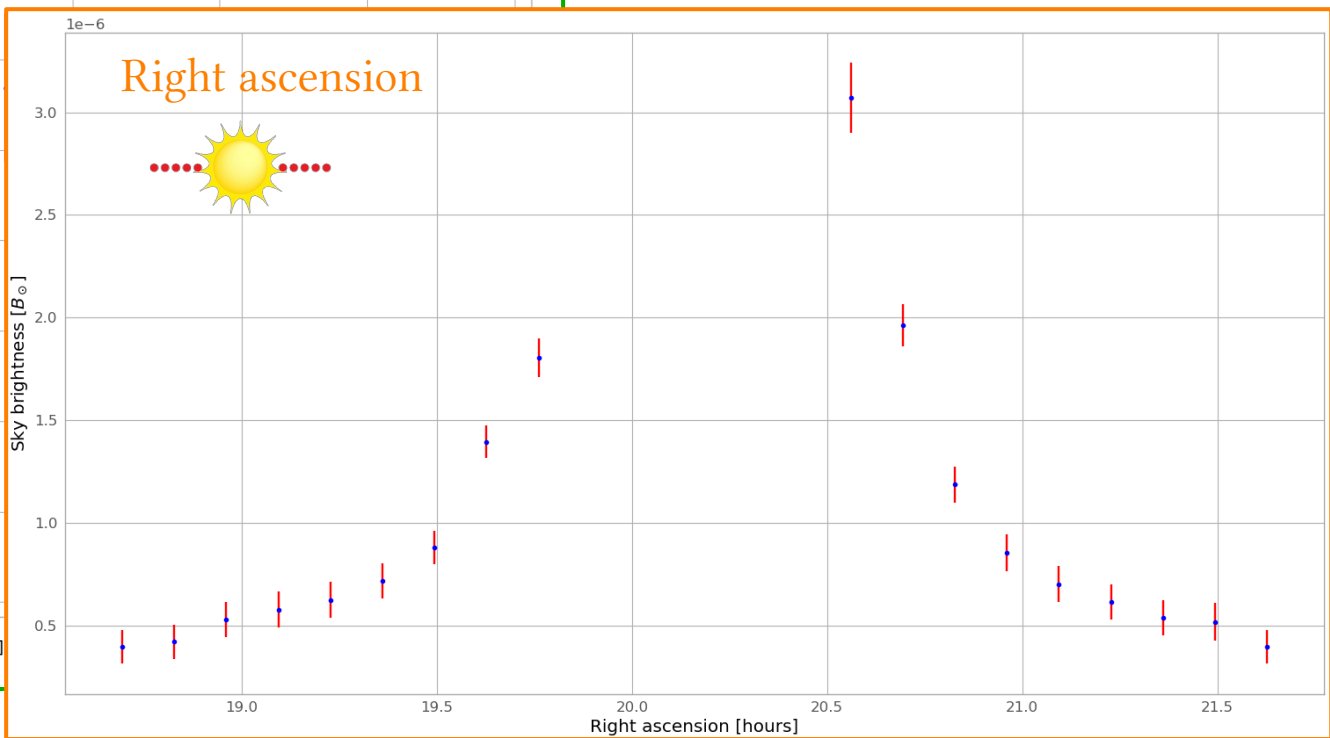
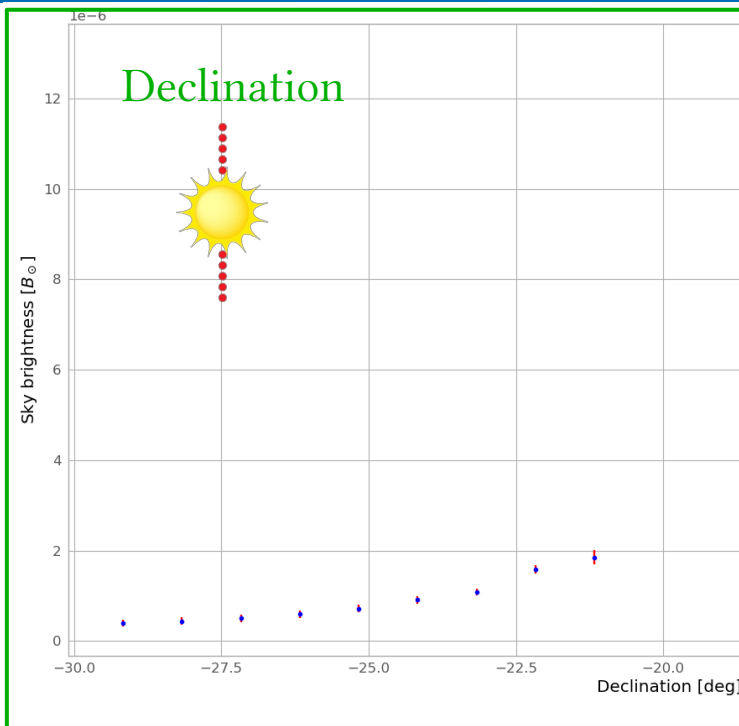
Sun position $\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{RA: } 20^h 09' 38'' \text{ (steps of } 00^h 08' 00'') \\ \text{Dec: } -20^\circ 05' 57'' \text{ (steps of } 01^\circ 00' 00'') \end{array} \right.$
(J2000 system)



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Sun position (J2000 system) $\left[\begin{array}{l} \text{RA: } 20^{\text{h}} 09' 38'' \text{ (steps of } 00^{\text{h}} 08' 00'') \\ \text{Dec: } -20^{\circ} 05' 57'' \text{ (steps of } 01^{\circ} 00' 00'') \end{array} \right.$



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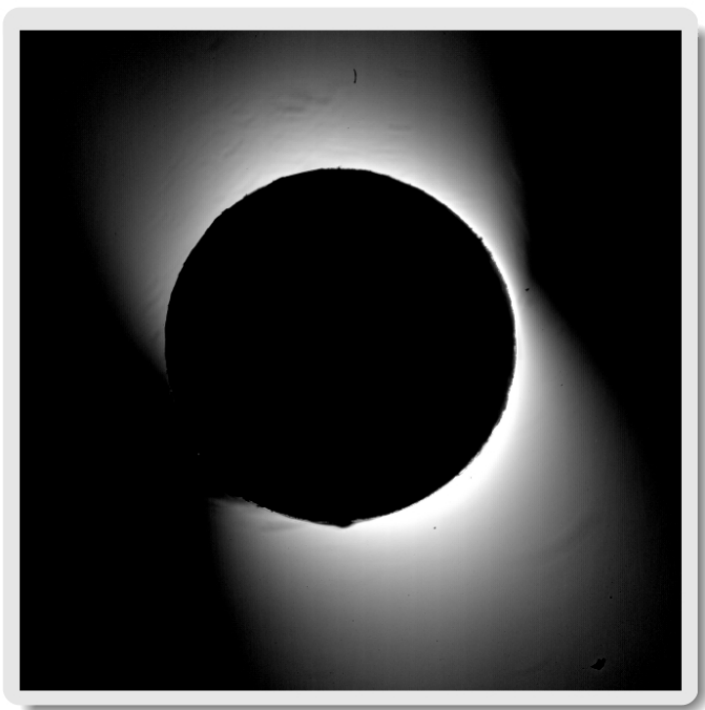
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What about the solar corona?



- ▶ Straylight problems?
- ▶ DoLP?!
- ▶ Edge structures?

... more analysis needed.



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Conclusion

- $B_{\text{sky}} \sim 7 \times 10^{-7} B_{\text{sun}}$
- Dome-C has a coronagraphic sky!
- A new place for continuous observation of solar corona?!
- Coronal images \rightarrow lessons learned
- XXXVI Italian Mission in Antarctica



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References

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Thank you for your attention!

