





In ice radio x optical From 10 PeV to 100 EeV

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3 highest v energy events in ~10 years of IceCube

To scale up with Gen2/radio but need good angular resolution for astronomy. **Optical** is difficult (saturations, sc atterings, sparse strings)







10 PeV+ AstroNumy

10 PeV+ good signal prob. And connects to UHE

'Guaranteed flux at 10 PeV'

Unknown flux for cosmogenic

Two physics topics:

- IceCube x ARA5 for EHE
- A new radio-optical Gen2 hybrid proposal for 10 PeV (motivated by angular resolution)





Handle radio/optical event generation in the unified scheme



Simulation chain in the icetray



Simulation chain in the icetray



- Independent analysis software from current software used by ARA for crosschecks
- Seamless integration with IceCube
 - Easily used to study coincidence events and rates
 - Can be used to estimate overall sensitivity





JULIET: EHE simulator for IceCube

SY+ PRD 69 13004 (2004)



We can simulate in-ice muon also for radio



in-ice particle energy distribution from 10^{10} GeV ν_{μ}









An example





a cascade event

	Interaction: NuE -> PiPlus + EMinus Primary Type : NuE Energy: 3.85e+11GeV Cascade Type : EMinus Energy: 3.84e+11GeV

Example of EeV simulations



Radial distance correlated with depth

Each dot shows vertex of nu which triggered ARA 11

z-depth distribution of cascade vertices triggering ARA-like stations

if we want to be sensitive to energies < 100 PeV, we need shallow optical detectors for overlaps



Recap: 3 weeks ago Gen2 call a proposal for shallow optical





Figure 13. Depth dependence of the effective scattering coefficient measured with pulsed sources at four wavelengths. Data at 337, 370, and 470 nm are rescaled for clarity according to the axes to the right. The four peaks labeled A through D correspond to stadials in the last glacial period. A broad dust peak due to the Last Glacial Maximum, expected at ~1300 m, is masked by bubble scattering. The points between 800 and 1000 m, where scattering is dominated by bubbles and does not depend on wavelength, are weighted means of previously published measurements at 410–610 nm [*Askebjer et al.*, 1997b].



New idea : Radio in-ice

Merits in Radio

- inexpensive detectors
- long attenuation length
- no scattering

Demerits in Radio

• considered unreliable

Totally hybrid radio/optical array

 excellent angular resolution for PeV cascades!

critical for doing astronomy

 automatic verification of the radio measurements *People would believe us*



Hybrid Gen2 in-ice

multiple on-cone radio detection





Hybrid Gen2 in-ice

really messy in optical



straight in radio





Why angular resolutions are expected?

analogy to florescence detectors for UHECR detections



We started simulation study

1st results are expected to come before the ICRC



summary

• The simulation modules in the icetray framework have been developed

you can easily swap to your own module

e.g. a different algorithm for ray tracing

start simulation of not just cascades but muon/tau tracks

- we would like to propose hybrid in-ice array for doing PeV ν astronomy

ARA radio simulations at trigger level



Highest energies down-going Earth absorption

ARA Triggering scheme:

One ARA station is made of 16 antennas, 8 of Vertical Polarization (VPol) and 8 of horizontal polarization (HPol) A station triggers when 3 of 8 of the same polarization are significantly above noise level

 Each station triggers independently from each other